INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

APRIL 30, 2020

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the City Mayor and Board of Trustees City of Ottawa, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ottawa, Illinois, (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Ottawa, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Fund or the Police Pension Fund of the City. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund is based on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ottawa, Illinois, as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplemental data, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The supplemental data section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Ottawa, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Ottawa, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Ottawa, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bran Zabel : Assoc. P.C.

BRIAN ZABEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Morris, Illinois February 11, 2021

# **CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS** MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis is intended as a review of significant factors affecting the financial condition and results of financial activities of the City of Ottawa for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements which are presented herein, and begin on page 4.

#### USING THIS REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 4-6) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present an overall view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 7. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what funds remain for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### **Reporting the City as a Whole** The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page MD&A 1. These statements are intended to clearly represent the current status of the City's finances and the change in assets from the prior fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 to the current fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. One can consider the City's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the City's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one should also consider both financial and non-financial factors such as changes in the City's equalized assessed valuation (EAV) and the condition of the City's infrastructure to assess the overall health of the City. The City's general management practices particularly relating the budgetary process, management of its debt burden and consequent impact to future budgets, ability to manage through various economic cycles, its pension funding ratios and postemployment benefit liabilities, ability to attract new business, and diversification of employment sectors are all factors one might reasonably consider when assessing the City's financial health, some of which are in the City's direct control, and some which are not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire and ambulance, general administration, streets and parks. Real estate and other taxes, franchise fees, fines and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and wastewater treatment systems are reported here. In prior audits, wastewater treatment was referred to as sewer, or the sewerage treatment function.

## **Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds Fund Financial Statements**

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page MD&A 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 7 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's waterworks and wastewater fund is included in the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

#### The City as Trustee - Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 18 and 19. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

	Net Position (\$000s)							
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 20,926 48,528	\$ 19,102 47,278	\$ 3,151 42,693	\$ 739 41,159	\$ 24,077 91,221	\$ 19,841 88,437		
Total assets	69,454	66,380	45,844	41,898	115,298	108,278		
Deferred outflows of resources	23,227	9,305			23,227	9,305		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 92,681	\$ 75,685	\$ 45,844	\$ 41,898	\$ 138,525	\$ 117,583		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 100,495 1,054	\$ 85,238 1,595	\$ 13,761 1,542	\$ 11,331 1,433	\$ 114,256 2,596	\$ 96,569 3,028		
Total liabilities	101,549	86,833	15,303	12,764	116,852	99,597		
Deferred inflows of resources	17,811	12,517			17,811	12,517		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	119,360	99,350	15,303	12,764	134,663	112,114		
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	46,061 10,271 (83,011)	44,224 9,911 (77,800)	27,662	28,795 - 339	73,723 10,271 (80,131)	73,019 9,911 (77,461)		
Total net position	\$ (26,679)	\$ (23,665)	\$ 30,541	\$ 29,134	\$ 3,863	\$ 5,469		
Beginning net position Restatement	\$ (23,665)	\$ 66,181 (43,057)	\$ 29,134	\$ 24,741	\$ 5,469	\$ 90,922 (43,057)		
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(3,014)	(46,789)	1,407	4,393	(1,606)	(42,396)		
Ending net position	\$ (26,679)	\$ (23,665)	\$ 30,541	\$ 29,134	\$ 3,863	\$ 5,469		

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position on pages 4-5.

#### CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

The City's financial statements for fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 continued to incorporate the three major changes to the City's financial statement reporting which were first incorporated for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, so year to year reporting methodology is more consistent comparing fiscal years ending April 30, 2019 and 2020. The changes noted that were incorporated last year, fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, are detailed in the following. First were independent actuarial reports for both the Ottawa Police Pension Fund and the Ottawa Firefighters' Pension Fund that are compliant with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements 67 and 68. The City utilizes actuarial valuation reports prepared by the Illinois Department of Insurance (DOI) to fund both the Police and Firefighter pensions. The DOI valuations utilize the "Projected Unit Credit" costing method to establish plan liabilities. The GASB 67/68 compliant liability costing methodology is the "Entry Age Normal" method. While both methods potentially determine an underfunded liability, the amount of the underfunded liability can be significantly different depending upon which method is utilized.

The State of Illinois statutory language requires an application of the Projected Unit Credit method, and the City has provided funding based upon this statutory methodology, however this method is not GASB compliant. An Entry Age Normal method front loads the employer's pension liability by recognizing a portion of the pension benefits earned in the future, specifically the pension benefit that will be earned by a worker continuing to accrue additional pension benefits for work performed after the valuation date. The Projected Unit Credit method, while actuarially estimating the benefit of potential future wage increases, does not factor in liabilities for future work credit. The Entry Age Normal costing method therefore reports a higher accrued liability at any point in time, and therefore a lower funding ratio. At the actual point of retirement, each method will calculate a similar liability. The City has reported within the notes to the financials the funding levels of each of its pensions. Consequent to the GASB compliant pension actuarial reports for fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, the financial reports recorded and recognized a \$48.5 million net pension liability. For fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 the net pension liability for the three City supported funds is \$51.7 million. The City continues to fund its pension obligations at the actuarial recommended levels. Of the three funds, contrasting fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 to fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, the net pension liability for IMRF decreased by \$2.2 million, the Police Pension net liability increased by \$60 thousand, and the Firefighter's Pension net pension liability increased by \$5.3 million.

The second significant change from prior year reporting in the financials for fiscal year ending April 30, 2019 was an independently prepared actuarial report for the City's postretirement health plan which is in conformance with GASB statements 74 and 75 for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The City's total OPEB liability is an unfunded obligation, with payments made as expenses are incurred. There is no separate trust dedicated exclusively to the payment of OPEB benefits, but rather, the City plans for the obligation in its normal budgeting and appropriation process, and pays the expenses as billed and incurred. City retirees pay 25% of the cost of their health insurance, until Medicare eligible, as well as that of all eligible dependants, with the City covering the remainder of the cost. The City pays 100% of the cost of Medicare supplement coverage for all Medicare eligible retirees and spouses.

The GASB 74/75 compliant report reflects a net OPEB liability of \$34.3 million for fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 which was recognized and incorporated in the financial statements. For fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 the net OPEB liability is \$46.9 million.

The third significant change in the City's Statement of Net Position was the recognition of both deferred outflows of resources as well as deferred inflows of resources. These factors recognize the consumption of assets in the current period that are applicable to a future period, in the case of deferred outflows. Similarly, deferred inflows of resources recognize the acquisition of assets that are applicable to a future reporting period. For fiscal year ending April 30, 2019 the effect of these two additions to the statement of net position, \$9.3 million in outflows and \$12.5 million in inflows, was a net position decrease of \$3.3 million. For fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 there were \$23.2 million of deferred outflows and \$17.8 million of deferred inflows, resulting in a net position increase of \$5.4 million from the inclusion of deferred outflows and inflows.

Overall, including the reporting modifications noted above the City's net position decreased to \$3.9 million as of April 30, 2020, from \$5.5 million as of April 30, 2019, a decline of \$1.6 million. Again, this has created more consistency in year to year reporting, as the inclusion last year of the items noted above, and a prior period restatement, represented an \$86.1 million decrease in the City's total net position. Of those amounts, \$43.0 million was accounted for as a prior period restatement. Overall, from fiscal year ended April 30, 2018 to fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 the City's net assets decreased by \$85.6 million, with ending assets of \$5.4 million and \$90.9 million, respectively for fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, and April 30, 2018. The following tables reflect the costs of the City's largest programs. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

	Change in Net Position (\$000s)											
	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Governmental			tal
	2020			2019		2020	2019			2020	2019	
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$ 3,7		\$	4,130	\$	7,518	\$	7,613	\$	11,311	\$	11,743
Operating Grants and Contrib		201		313		22		11		223		324
Capital Grants and Contrib	1,3	18		1,443		-		-		1,318		1,443
General Revenues												
Taxes	19,8			19,439		-		-		19,824		19,439
Intergovernmental	4,9			3,670		-		-		4,904		3,670
Interest		60		58		17		26		77		84
Miscellaneous	6	512		419		-		-		612		419
Total Revenues	30,7	'12		29,472		7,557		7,650		38,269		37,122
Expenses												
General Government	9,5	19		9,477		-		-		9,519		9,477
Public Safety	10,3	90		51,160		-		-		10,390		51,160
Public Works, Cultural,												
Parks, and Recreation	5,6	519		5,525		-		-		5,619		5,525
Community/Economic Develop.	7,9	38		6,674		-		-		7,938		6,674
Water and Wastewater Treatment		-		-		5,906		6,066		5,906		6,066
Swimming Pool		-		-		137		134		137		134
Canal Rental and Purchase		-		-		-		-		-		-
Events		-		-		257		370		257		370
Interest Expense	1	38		157		-		-		138		157
Total Expenses	33,6	604		72,993		6,300		6,570		39,904		79,563
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1	21)		(3,267)		150		3,313		29		46
Change in Net Position	(3,0	)13)		(46,788)		1,407		4,393		(1,606)		(42,395)
Prior Period Restatement		-		(43,058)		-		-		-		(43,058)
Net Position: May 1	(23,6	65)		66,181		29,134		24,741		5,469		90,922
Net Position: April 30	\$ (26,6	578)	\$	(23,665)	\$	30,541	\$	29,134	\$	3,863	\$	5,469

## **Governmental Activities**

Program revenues for governmental services in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 were decreased from those for the prior year. Comparing fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 to fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, overall charges for services decreased by 8.2%, to \$3.8 million from \$4.1 million in the prior year. Operating grants and contributions decreased by 35.8%, \$201 fiscal year ending April 30, 2020, contrasted to \$313 thousand in fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 and \$1.4 million in fiscal year ending April 30, 2019.

Operationally, the *total* cost of all governmental activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 was \$28.3 million. In fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, in contrast, it was \$67.1 million, however, this was affected in the 2019 fiscal year report by the initial inclusion in Public Safety expense of the Police and Firefighter Pension liabilities noted earlier of \$48.5 million, and in General Government the net OPEB calculated liability of \$34.3 million.

The City of Ottawa operates the North Central Area Transit (NCAT), a public transportation bus service, as an accommodation to its citizens and other passengers. This special revenue category is included in the general category of Public Works, Cultural, and Recreation. The service operates at a profit.

Normal salary and wages paid for governmental activities increased by \$148 thousand which represents a 1.9% increase, however, total wages paid for governmental activities increased by \$383 thousand, or 4.7%, due to primarily to a \$234 thousand increase in overtime pay.

Health insurance claims increased from the prior year, by \$235 thousand, however total health insurance expenses net of employee premium payments decreased by 2.8%, due primarily to a \$200 thousand contribution from the water and wastewater department for employees covered in those departments. While employees pay 20% of the cost of the plan, the City is self-insured, and the 20% employee contribution is based upon an expectation of expense which at times will not conform to actual results and claim experience.

The health plan direct and variable expenses, net of employee contributions and stop loss reimbursements, was \$3.2 million for the period ending April 30, 2020, as compared to \$3.2 million for the period ending April 30, 2019, \$2.8 million for the period ending April 30, 2018, \$2.5 million for the period ending April 30, 2017, and \$2.6 million for the period ending April 30, 2016. The City's self-insured health plan utilizes a third-party for administrative services, and direct re-insurance placement to protect against unusually high individual or aggregate claims. Therefore, the City incurs fixed costs which include stop-loss premiums and administrative fees, as well as variable costs, the claims expense, which is the most significant element of the overall expense. The self-insured program is intended to allow the City to reduce its expenses in years in which claims are less than expected or customary. The City has the cash flow capacity to effectively manage the fluctuations in claim expense from year to year, and the re-insurance protection from excessive outflows in any particular plan year, thereby retaining the financial benefit when claim expenses are favorable. The City has also attempted to control this expense and align the interests of the City and its employees through direct employee contributions, which for the respective periods as noted above was 20% of the conventionally equivalent medical rate, or premium equivalent for employee coverage as well as employee plus dependent coverage. Retirees pay 25% of the premium for retiree coverage.

The City maintains defined benefit pension plans for regular employees, funding three separate plans. The total sources of funding for each are City contributions, direct participant contributions, and investment performance. The plan year valuations for the Police and Firefighters' pension are as of April 30 of each year, and for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), December 31 of each year. As noted earlier, the funding methodology for the Police and Firefighter Pensions utilized by the City is based upon the Projected Unit Credit method which is actuarially determined and statutorily relevant for required contribution levels. The actuarial information included in the financials for fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019 utilizes the Entry Age Normal liability costing method. The Entry Age Normal

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

method results in a liability that is in excess of that determined by the Projected Unit Credit method. The City endeavors to fund each of its pensions at the actuarial recommended amount. In some circumstances that recommended data has been unavailable at the time of the annual levy process. The funding ratio of Police and Firefighters pension funds utilizing the Projected Unit Credit method of calculating liabilities are as follows: the Police Pension Fund as of April 30, 2020 was 59% funded, as of April 30, 2019 was 62% funded, and as of April 30, 2018 it was funded at 64%; and the Firefighter's Pension Fund had a funding level of 37% as of April 30, 2020, 37% as of April 30, 2019, and 38% as of April 30, 2018. The City of Ottawa consistently contributes at the actuarially suggested amounts and both the police and firefighter's contribute at their statutorily determined percentage of pensionable compensation. The actuarial reports for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019, and included in these financials utilizing the Entry Age Normal liability calculation determines the funding level for the Police Pension for fiscal year end April 30, 2020 to be 52.12%, as contrasted to the Projected Unit Credit method at 59%, and as of April 30, 2019 to be 52.60%, as contrasted to the Projected Unit Credit method at 62%; for the Firefighters' Pension for the fiscal year end April 30, 2020 to be 29.67%, as contrasted to the Projected Unit Credit method at 37%, and as of April 30, 2019 to be 33.69% as contrasted to 37% by the Projected Unit Credit method.

40 Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) 5/3-125(a) requires municipalities to achieve 90% funding of the total actuarial liabilities of Police and Fire Pensions by the end of the municipal fiscal year 2040. In 2017 actuarial assumptions were modified by the Illinois Department of Insurance that reduced the interest rate utilized in the actuarial calculation as well as adjusting the mortality tables and assumptions regarding service related deaths. Consequently, this has had an effect on the level of projected underfunding of the pensions which is being amortized over time to reach compliance with the mandated funding levels required.

IMRF which covers employees other than those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pensions, utilizes an entry age normal methodology for calculation of plan liabilities. IMRF's measurement date is as of December 31 of each year. The most recent data available, as of December 31, 2019 determines a net funding position of 98.11%, compared to December 31, 2018 at 88.15%, and December 31, 2017 of 100.24%. The City has contributed at or above the actuarially determined contribution level in each of the years noted above.

Effective in fiscal year 2016 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) promulgated a new reporting format for pension funds to be compliant with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The required disclosure now provides for a range of liabilities calculated using a single discount rate as well as a rate both 1% lower and 1% greater than the single standard rate to provide a sensitivity analysis for rate changes. The resulting range of net liability levels projected by this methodology for the IMRF as of December 31, 2019 is \$3.1 million to negative net liability or net asset level of \$1.7 million, with a single discount rate net liability level at \$437 thousand. As of December 31, 2018, this range for IMRF was \$5.2 million to \$490 thousand, with the single discount rate net liability level at \$2.6 million. For the Firefighters' Pension as of April 30, 2020, the range is a net liability of \$39.1 million to \$26.1 million, with \$31.8 million at the current rate. As of April 30, 2019, the Firefighters' Pension

has a range of a net liability of \$32.6 million to \$21.6 million, with \$26.5 million at the current rate. The Police Pension net liability as of April 30, 2020 ranged from \$26.6 million to \$13.8 million, with \$19.4 million at the current rate. As of April 30, 2019 the Police Pension ranged from \$26.7 million to \$13.5 million, with \$19.4 million at the current rate. Note that the current discount rate utilized in the three pension calculations noted above, is different for each. For IMRF the current discount rate utilized is 7.25%, for the Police Pension 6.39%, and for the Firefighters' Pension 5.40%. A lower current rate results in a greater expected liability.

General Revenues to support governmental activities, which includes taxes, intergovernmental transfers (excluding City inter-fund transfers), and investment income, increased by increased by 7.6% for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 as compared to an increase of 8.1% for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. Total general revenues to support governmental activities (excluding City inter-fund transfers) were \$25.4 million, compared to \$23.6 million and \$21.8 million for the periods ending April 30, 2019 and April 30, 2018, respectively.

Property taxes and Sales and Use taxes are the largest sources of general revenue for the City, in combination accounting for 69.8% of total general revenues from governmental activities (exclusive of City inter-fund transfers) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, 73.1% of total general revenues from governmental activities (exclusive of City inter-fund transfers) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. Overall, property tax revenues increased by \$159 thousand, or 1.5% in the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, and increased by \$332 thousand or 3.3% in fiscal year ending April 30, 2018.

The City's equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the property subject to the City's annual tax levy, which is more fully discussed hereafter, increased for the sixth straight year after previous declines. Property taxes increased by \$159 thousand in fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, increasing to \$11.0 million from \$10.8 million the year before. Sales and Use taxes increased by \$305 thousand, to \$6.8 million, or 4.7%, after increasing by \$321 thousand, 3.2%, to \$6.5 million for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Property tax receipts include general corporate revenues, as well as revenues allocable to various Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) funds, and other governmental funds. Property taxes are attributable to both new development as well as existing properties. The property tax extension directly attributable to the local property tax extension and levy increased by 7.84% for the levy year 2019. The overall levy rate for 2019 applied to each \$100 of assessed valuation, however, increased 4.7%, or 10.4 cents. The overall levy rate for 2019 applied to each \$100 of assessed valuation, however, increased 2.88%, or 6.2 cents. The disparity between the rate of extension increase and rate of levy rate increase is the result of an increased equalized assessed valuation (EAV) base. In prior year over year comparison, the amount extended increased 8.12% in 2018, and the levy rate by 6.2 cents. The EAV, which is the basis upon which property taxes are levied, increased in levy year 2019 for taxes to be paid in fiscal year ending April 30, 2020. The total increase in the 2019 EAV was \$9.0 million, compared to the 2018 EAV was \$14.5 million greater than the year before. This represents the sixth consecutive annual increase, following four prior years of declining EAV which preceded.

#### CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

Newly developed and incorporated properties helped to mitigate the consequences to the changes to the values of existing properties, and lessen the tax burden on existing property owners. The various amounts levied for the employee pensions including Social Security have consumed a significant amount of the property tax levy, representing 48.5% of taxes levied in 2019, 47.9% of taxes levied in 2018, 45.8% of taxes levied in 2017. In fiscal year 2020 the levy for non-pension funds in aggregate increased by \$228 thousand to a total of \$3.7 million. In fiscal year 2019 the levy for non-pension funds in aggregates were: \$3.4 million (2018), and \$3.3 million (2017). The City responsibly fulfills its obligations pursuant to actuarial assessments received in the amounts necessary to appropriately fund its pensions both as to normal costs and amortizing current shortfalls, affording to the covered employees the benefits to which they are entitled, while prudently managing other expenses and levy requests to properly control the impact to local taxpayers.

Sales and Use taxes, which are a general indication of the overall vitality of retail operations within the taxing limits of the City increased by \$305 thousand, to \$6.8 million, or 4.7% after increased by \$321 thousand, to \$6.5 million, or 5.2% for fiscal year 2019, and increasing by \$192 thousand for fiscal year 2018. In prior years the changes were: a decline of \$33 thousand for fiscal year 2017 following increases of \$69 thousand in 2016 and \$199 thousand in 2015. This represents a 3.2% increase for 2018, a 0.5% decrease for 2017, a 1.2% increase for 2016, and a 3.5% increase for the fiscal year ended 2015.

## **Business-Type Activities** (Primarily Water and Wastewater Treatment)

Program revenues from business-type activities increased by \$84 thousand, with total revenues of \$7.5 million for fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, as compared to an increase of \$146 thousand, with total revenues of \$7.6 million in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019.

For fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the business-type activities overall operated at a profit of \$1.2 million compared to the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 which also operated at a profit of \$1.1 million. The City's municipal swimming pool operated at a deficit of \$85 thousand in 2020 after operating at a deficit of \$88 thousand in 2019, and a deficit of \$112 thousand in 2018. The City's Events Fund operated at a deficit of \$23 thousand in fiscal year 2020, following a deficit of \$47 thousand in fiscal year 2019, and a deficit of \$73 thousand in fiscal year 2018. The overall net assets attributable to business-type activities increased by \$1.2 million for the period ended April 30, 2020, increased by \$1.1 million for the period ended April 30, 2019, and increased by \$1.2 million for the period ended April 30, 2019.

#### CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

#### THE CITY'S FUNDS

The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenue, capital project, debt service, and permanent fund revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 as compared with the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019.

	(\$000s)								
	2020				201	9			
	I	Amount	% of Total	I	Amount	% of Total			
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	23,020	74.95%	\$	22,381	75.94%			
Intergovernmental		1,710	5.57%		728	2.47%			
Charges for Services and Fees		1,478	4.81%		1,795	6.09%			
Fines & Forfeitures		565	1.84%		609	2.07%			
Licenses & Permits		613	2.00%		881	2.99%			
Investment Income		59	0.19%		58	0.20%			
Miscellaneous		3,267	10.64%		3,019	10.24%			
Total Revenues	\$	30,712	100.00%	\$	29,471	100.00%			
Expenditures:									
General Government	\$	6,775	22.23%	\$	6,927	25.18%			
Public Safety		7,664	25.14%		7,569	27.51%			
Public Works, Cultural,									
Parks, and Recreation		6,029	19.78%		4,820	17.52%			
Community/Economic Develop.		7,889	25.88%		5,928	21.55%			
Debt Service		730	2.39%		976	3.55%			
Capital Outlay		1,395	4.58%		1,290	4.69%			
Total Expenditures	\$	30,482	100.00%	\$	27,510	100.00%			

Revenues from taxes increased by \$639 thousand for the period ending April 30, 2020 and represented 75.0% of the total revenues for governmental funds as compared to a \$1.3 million increase for the period ending April 30, 2019, representing 75.9% of total revenues. Revenues exclusive of taxes and intergovernmental receipts were approximately \$6.0 million for the period ending April 30, 2020 and were \$6.6 million for the period ended April 30, 2019. Revenue from intergovernmental sources increased in 2020 to \$1.7 million. Revenue from intergovernmental sources in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 was \$728 thousand, following fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 was to \$613 thousand, compared to \$881 thousand in fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Fines and forfeitures also declined to \$565 thousand from \$609 thousand for the period ended April 30, 2019.

Expenditures for governmental funds in total increased to \$30.5 million for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, from \$27.5 million for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. Total governmental fund balances, in aggregate, increased by \$109 thousand for fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 preceded by a decrease of \$1.3 million in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. They increased by \$461 thousand in the fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. The General Fund balance, in contrast, decreased by \$552 thousand in fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 which was preceded by an increase of \$543 thousand in fiscal year 2019.

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The General Fund balance at the end of the fiscal year, April 30, 2020 \$921 thousand compared to April 30, 2019 at \$1.5 million and April 30, 2018 at \$930 thousand. The General Fund is the City's main operating account. This General Fund ending balance represents approximately 18 days of average General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, compared to 33 days of average General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, and 21 days for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City Council passed a budget based upon expectations of revenues and expenses. Current year resources available for appropriation to the general fund were \$1.5 million more than was budgeted. Actual revenues were \$1.1 million more than budgeted, and expenses were \$1.6 million more than budgeted, resulting in a deficit of \$526 thousand, for which reserves were adequate to cover.

The most significant diversion from both budgeted revenue and expense was a grant, in conjunction with an intergovernmental agreement with Ottawa Township High School District #140. The City secured a grant of \$1.1 million to assist in the elevation of the levee flood wall protecting both the high school and the East Side residents of the City, elevating a necessary portion of the levee to the same elevation as the remainder, thereby securing the public and facility safety of both the school and East Side properties. The grant amount, successfully received for the project since completed, passed through both the revenue and expense side of the balance sheet, and was not included in the budget at the time of its adoption.

Actual revenues collected were 106.5% of the amount budgeted, and exclusive of the levee project described above, was 100.1% of the amount budgeted. Overall taxes received were 101.5% of the amount budgeted. Property taxes received were 107.5% of the budgeted amount, State income taxes 104.6% of the amount budgeted, and corporate personal property replacement taxes only 35.2% of the amount budgeted. Additional, telecommunication taxes received were 84.8% of the amount budgeted. These areas in the aggregate primarily are the elements of the divergence of budgeted versus actual tax revenue. Other, more significant revenue differences were group insurance payments of 116.3 % of the amount budgeted, with contribution from the water and wastewater funds for health insurance expense. Ambulance fees were \$157 thousand more, 119.4%, of the amount budgeted, while non-emergency transfer revenue was \$401 thousand less, 44.8% of the amount budgeted.

Overall expenditures were 109.6% of the amount budgeted, but exclusive of the levee project, 103.2% more than budgeted. Noteworthy variances from budgeted amounts were health insurance and claims of \$489 thousand more, 113.6%, legal fees \$100 thousand more, 139.8%, police department \$109 thousand more, 102.6%, primarily from overtime compensation, public works repairs and maintenance \$366 thousand more, 132.0%, and fire department \$585 thousand less, 84.2%, primarily salary expense.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

Approximately \$25 thousand was transferred to the General Fund from other City funds. The fund balance in the General Fund decreased as of April 30, 2020 by \$552 thousand, to \$921 thousand, after increasing as of April 30, 2019 by \$543 thousand, to \$1.5 million, and decreasing in fiscal year ended April 30, 2018 by \$542 thousand to a fiscal year ending balance of \$930 thousand. The General Fund is the main operating fund utilized to conduct the City's business. Additionally, the General Fund is the most significant accounting mechanism to record the City's activities, including all activity other than that which is required or appropriate to be recorded in other, specially identified, funds. To the extent that expenditures exceed revenues, it is necessary to utilize the City's reserves. The City's other governmental funds, exclusive of the General Fund, and including the various TIF funds, had balances in the aggregate of \$9.1 million as of April 30, 2020, \$8.4 million as of April 30, 2019, and \$10.3 million as of April 30, 2018. Overall, the City's governmental funds in the aggregate increased by \$109 thousand to a total of \$10.0 million for the period ending April 30, 2020. The property taxes collected and allocated to the various Tax Increment Financing Districts (TIFs) are primarily generated from new development that would likely not have occurred but for the creation of the TIF districts and the utilization of this mechanism as an economic development tool.

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of April 30, 2020 the City reports a net position in governmental funds and activities of negative \$26.7 million, as compared to April 30, 2019 at which point the City reported a net position in governmental funds and activities of negative \$23.8 million, and as contrasted to a positive \$66.2 million as of April 30, 2018. The significant change from fiscal year ending April 30, 2018 and for the years ending April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019 is, as noted earlier, primarily the result of the inclusion of long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current reporting period, specifically, for fiscal year ending April 30, 2020, \$51.7 million of net liability for the three City pensions, IMRF, Police, and Firefighter as actuarially determined by the entry age normal method of recording liabilities, plus the aggregate OPEB for post retirement health insurance benefits which are not funded through a separate trust arrangement, but rather paid as expenses are incurred and charged. Additionally, partially offsetting these liabilities is a positive recognition of deferred outflows in excess of deferred inflows in the aggregate amount of \$15.9 million also relating to the pensions and post retirement benefits.

As noted earlier, the total fund balances of all governmental funds was \$10.0 million as of April 30, 2020, and as contrasted to \$9.9 million as of April 30, 2019. Capital assets for governmental activities, which are not financial resources, were \$48.5 million net of depreciation as of April 30, 2020 and \$47.3 million as of April 30, 2019.

Including proprietary type funds and activities along with governmental funds, the City has a net position of \$3.9 million as of April 30, 2020, which was \$5.4 million as of April 30, 2019, and as contrasted to \$90.9 million as of April 30, 2018. Again, the significant change is in the governmental funds and activities with the recognition of current and future liabilities from the various benefit plans. The total assets net of deferred outflows of resources, as of April 30, 2020 for proprietary and business fund types was \$45.8 million, as of April 30, 2019 for proprietary

#### CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

and business fund types was \$41.9 million, compared to \$38.3 million as of April 30, 2018. Capital assets only, net of depreciation, in the proprietary and business type funds and activities was \$42.7 million as of April 30, 2020, \$41.2 million as of April 30, 2019, and \$35.8 million net of depreciation as of April 30, 2018. Capital asset investments include land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and general infrastructure, and more specifically including, but not limited to, roads, bridges, water and wastewater treatment facilities, administration, storage, police, and fire station buildings, water and wastewater treatment lines, parks, and streets, police, fire, and emergency medical care vehicles and equipment.

This year's major additions included:

- Street and byway resurfacing, construction, repair, and improvements
- Machinery and equipment upgrades
- Water and wastewater treatment upgrades, extensions, and repairs
- Continued combined wastewater and storm water separation progress
- General infrastructure improvements
- Commencement of the Illinois-Michigan Canal re-watering project
- Participation in the East Side levee improvement project

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

## DEBT

At April 30, 2020, the City has \$17.3 million in long-term debt from bonds and notes outstanding. As of April 30, 2019, the City had \$15.2 million in bonds and notes outstanding, as of April 30, 2018, \$17.4 million, and \$19.6 million as of April 30, 2017. Principal payments were paid as scheduled. The City serviced its debt as scheduled for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, but did not refinance any of the debt either in the current fiscal year or prior fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. In fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City incurred additional debt of \$3.7 million for infrastructure upgrades and repairs in the Water and Wastewater division. The City is limited by statute to indebtedness of no more than 8.625% of the most recently available value of the taxable property within its boundaries. As of April 30, 2020, the City had an additional \$15.1 million of capacity remaining in its legal debt margin. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The City has no bond rating. Bond issues have generally been purchased and funded by local financial institutions, with some exceptions. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is below the state-imposed limit.

## CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget, tax rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The City has experienced more recent increases in the assessed valuation of properties subject to taxation after a period of stable valuations. The City Council has endeavored to minimize necessary increases in tax rates while prudently managing the City's human and capital resources, and to fulfill the obligations to maintain an effective, efficiently operating, municipal enterprise providing public safety services through its police, fire, and emergency medical professionals, as well as maintaining, supporting, and improving when possible, its essential infrastructure. Emphasis has been focused on mitigating the fiscal burdens to local taxpayers bv securing payment for services for those directly utilizing them, as appropriate, aggressively seeking and acting upon full and matching grant opportunities, and exploring alternative revenue sources in the effort to reduce reliance on local property tax revenue. In some circumstances priorities are affected by grant opportunities that are available from which the City can benefit. Financing rates are reviewed to take advantage of opportunities when present to better leverage the City's resources and limit servicing costs, while contractually ensuring that flexibility remains at the City's option for future opportunities to be realized. The City Council has attempted to responsibly manage the City's affairs, while providing a consistent, professional level of service, recognizing that the City's infrastructure is continually needful of repair and maintenance to ensure that it is effective and of benefit both to current residents and businesses. Further the City has committed to a proactive effort to encourage economic development and attract business enterprises to the community as evidenced by its development and expansion of the Ottawa Industrial Park, its extensive use of Tax Increment Financing Districts (TIFs), and utilization of enterprise zone incentives. These efforts benefit and provide opportunities for existing taxpayers, while providing and developing a vibrant and attractive community for new, prospective, taxpayers.

These indications were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget, including fund reserves, are \$19.0 million for fiscal year ending April 30, 2021. Amounts available in previous years were \$18.6 million for fiscal year ending April 30, 2020, \$17.3 million for fiscal year ending April 30, 2019, \$17.2 million for fiscal year ending April 30, 2020, \$17.3 million for fiscal year ending April 30, 2018, and \$18.2 million for fiscal year 2017. General budgeted expenses were similar to fiscal year 2020, with controlled general wage increases relating to longevity and negotiated collective bargaining agreements. Of the three collective bargaining units, the Firefighters contract expires as of April 30, 2021, with status quo continuing pending the settlement of a successor agreement. The other two bargaining units, AFSCME and Police each have contracts expiring April 30, 2022, again with status quo continuing pending the settlement of successor agreements. Appointed personal are generally subject to annual contracts expiring at the end of each fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Shelly Munks, City Clerk, at 301 West Madison Street, Ottawa, Illinois 61350, 815-433-0161 extension 117.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Fund Type	Total
ASSETS			 und Type	 10101
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	7,326,056	\$ 2,702,286	\$ 10,028,342
Receivables		, ,	, ,	, ,
Accounts		-	1,075,258	1,075,258
Property taxes		10,514,195	-	10,514,195
Motor fuel tax		55,663	-	55,663
Hotel/Motel tax		15,320	-	15,320
Grants		313,014	-	313,014
Notes		4,517	-	4,517
Other		1,444,371	-	1,444,371
Due from (to) other funds		626,704	(626,704)	-
Prepaid expense		424,524	-	424,524
Other current assets		179,466	 -	 179,466
Total current assets		20,903,830	 3,150,840	 24,054,670
Noncurrent assets				
Notes receivable		22,000	-	22,000
Capital assets		,		,
Construction in progress		-	72,945	72,945
Land		14,117,446	407,740	14,525,186
Buildings and improvements		14,868,105	-	14,868,105
Infrastructure		35,760,402	-	35,760,402
Machinery and equipment		10,807,970	74,100,838	84,908,808
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(27,025,905)	 (31,888,366)	 (58,914,271)
Total noncurrent assets		48,550,018	42,693,157	 91,243,175
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows, IMRF		2,462,934	-	2,462,934
Deferred outflows, Fire Pension		5,188,045	-	5,188,045
Deferred outflows, Police Pension		4,995,287	-	4,995,287
Deferred outflows, OPEB		10,580,825	-	 10,580,825
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		23,227,091	 	 23,227,091
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED				
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	92,680,939	\$ 45,843,997	\$ 138,524,936

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Fund Type	Total
LIABILITIES			 <i>v</i> 1	
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	375,735	\$ 205,337	\$ 581,072
Accrued salaries		29,942	3,136	33,078
Accrued interest payable		50,004	63,313	113,317
Compensated absences		-	-	-
Current portion of capital lease		36,142	-	36,142
Current portion of long-term debt		562,288	1,269,914	1,832,202
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Net pension liability		51,710,791	-	51,710,791
Net OPEB liability		46,914,992	-	46,914,992
Capital lease		117,332	-	117,332
Loans payable		96,755	3,648,214	3,744,969
Debt certificates payable		-	2,038,000	2,038,000
Bonds payable		1,655,000	 8,075,000	 9,730,000
Total Liabilities	1	01,548,981	 15,302,914	 116,851,895
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned property taxes		10,514,195	_	10,514,195
Unearned revenue		5,105	-	5,105
Deferred inflows, IMRF		2,879,894	-	2,879,894
Deferred inflows, Fire Pension		2,172,557	_	2,172,557
Deferred inflows, Police Pension		2,238,772	-	2,238,772
Deferred inflows, OPEB			 -	 
Total deferred inflows of resources		17,810,523	 -	 17,810,523
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resc	1	19,359,504	 15,302,914	 134,662,418
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		46,060,501	27,662,029	73,722,530
Restricted		10,271,459	-	10,271,459
Unrestricted		83,010,525)	 2,879,054	 (80,131,471)
Total Net Position	(	26,678,565)	 30,541,083	 3,862,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	5			
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	92,680,939	\$ 45,843,997	\$ 138,524,936

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### April 30, 2020

			D D			evenue and Chang	
			Program Revenues Operating	s Capital Grants	ł	rimary Governmen	nt
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-Type	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	1						
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 9,518,987	\$ 2,042,991	\$ 9,244	\$ -	\$ (7,466,752)	\$ -	\$ (7,466,752)
Public safety	10,389,701	1,466,609	91	-	(8,923,001)	-	(8,923,001)
Public works, Cultural,							
Parks, Recreation	5,618,665	147,201	191,300	1,317,682	(3,962,482)	-	(3,962,482)
Community/Economic development	7,938,184	135,985	-	-	(7,802,199)	-	(7,802,199)
Interest expense	138,583				(138,583)		(138,583)
Total governmental activities	33,604,120	3,792,786	200,635	1,317,682	(28,293,017)		(28,293,017)
Business-Type Activities							
Water and sewer	5,905,409	7,232,369	22,059	-	-	1,349,019	1,349,019
Swimming pool	137,231	51,981	-	-	-	(85,250)	(85,250)
Canal rental and purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Events	257,082	233,752	-			(23,330)	(23,330)
Total business-type activities	6,299,722	7,518,102	22,059			1,240,439	1,240,439
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 39,903,842	\$ 11,310,888	\$ 222,694	\$ 1,317,682	(28,293,017)	1,240,439	(27,052,578)
		General Revenue	s				
		Property Tax			10,975,438	-	10,975,438
		Sales and Use T	ax		6,755,454	-	6,755,454
		Utility and telec	ommunications tax	K	1,705,224	-	1,705,224
		Hotel/Motel tax			388,718		388,718
		Intergovernmen	tal		4,904,406	-	4,904,406
		Interest			59,595	16,505	76,100
		Miscellaneous			611,542		611,542
		Total genera	l revenues		25,400,377	16,505	25,416,882
		OTHER FINANC	CING SOURCES (	USES)	(120,615)	149,795	29,180
		CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION		(3,013,255)	1,406,739	(1,606,516)
		NET POSITION,	MAY 1		(23,665,310)	29,134,344	5,469,034
		NET POSITION,	APRIL 30		\$ (26,678,565)	\$ 30,541,083	\$ 3,862,518

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## BALANCE SHEET

## April 30, 2020

	General Fund		]	North TIF Fund	-	Nonmajor Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	687,498	\$	1,134,241	\$	6,728,492	\$	8,550,231
Investments		98,104		-		175,966		274,070
Property Taxes Receivable		1,922,688		2,752,011		5,839,496		10,514,195
Other Receivables:								
Notes		-		-		26,517		26,517
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		55,663		55,663
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		15,320		15,320
Grants		-		-		313,014		313,014
Other		1,437,248		-		7,123		1,444,371
Prepaid Expense		-		-		424,524		424,524
Due from Other Funds		18,626		-		1,784,763		1,803,389
Other Assets		-		-		179,466		179,466
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,164,164	\$	3,886,252	\$	15,550,344	\$	23,600,760
TOTHERISSETS	Ψ	1,101,101	Ψ	5,000,202	Ψ	10,000,011	Ψ	23,000,700
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	/S C	F RESOURC	CES,	AND FUND	BA	LANCES		
LIABILITIES	Φ		¢		ሰ	1 400 0 45	¢	1 400 0 45
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,498,245	\$	1,498,245
Accounts Payable		315,984		-		59,751		375,735
Accrued Salaries		24,989		-		4,953		29,942
Due to Other Funds		978,993		-		197,692		1,176,685
Total Liabilities		1,319,966		-		1,760,641		3,080,607
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	JRC	ES						
Unavailable Property Taxes		1,922,688		2,752,011		5,839,496		10,514,195
Unavailable Revenues		300		-		4,805		5,105
								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,922,988		2,752,011		5,844,301		10,519,300
Total Liabilities and Deferred								
Inflows of Resources		3,242,954		2,752,011		7,604,942		13,599,907
					-		-	

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## BALANCE SHEET

## April 30, 2020

		North TIF	Nonmajor	T. ( 1
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	98,104	-	455,846	553,950
Restricted				
HSA	-	-	-	-
Special Revenues	-	-	5,028,937	5,028,937
Debt Service	-	-	289,018	289,018
Capital Projects	-	1,134,241	3,265,313	4,399,554
Unrestricted				
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	823,106		(1,093,712)	(270,606)
Total Fund Balances	921,210	1,134,241	7,945,402	10,000,853
				, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,				
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,164,164	\$ 3,886,252	\$ 15,550,344	\$ 23,600,760

# RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2020

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 10,000,853
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	48,528,018
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds Compensated absences payable	
Net pension liability - IMRF	(436,699)
Net pension liability - Fire Pension	(31,845,163)
Net pension liability - Police Pension	(19,428,929)
Total OPEB Liability	(46,914,992)
Bonds payable	(2,155,000)
Loans payable	(159,043)
Capital lease payable	(153,474)
Accrued interest Payable	(50,004)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the governmental funds	
Deferred items - IMRF	(416,960)
Deferred items - Fire Pension	3,015,488
Deferred items - Police Pension	2,756,515
Deferred items - OPEB	 10,580,825
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (26,678,565)

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## April 30, 2020

		North TIF	Nonmajor	
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,255,980	\$ 2,752,579	\$ 5,966,879	\$ 10,975,438
Replacement Taxes	112,654	-	38,583	151,237
Utility Taxes	1,403,995	-	-	1,403,995
Sales Taxes	6,755,454	-	-	6,755,454
State Income Taxes	1,846,489	-	-	1,846,489
Gambling Taxes	17,796	-	-	17,796
Video Game Taxes	438,591	-	-	438,591
Telecommunications Tax	301,229	-	-	301,229
Motor Fuel Tax	-	-	692,909	692,909
Cannabis Use Tax	-	-	3,071	3,071
Interest Income	4,601	10,214	44,780	59,595
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,709,671	-	-	1,709,671
Charges for Services	187,158	-	-	187,158
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	-		44,642	44,642
Hotel/Motel Tax	-	-	388,718	388,718
Grants	-	-	1,446,884	1,446,884
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	149,814	-	414,713	564,527
Licenses and Permits	464,407	-	148,472	612,879
Ambulance Fees	965,594	-	-	965,594
Ambulance Transfer Revenue	325,035	-	-	325,035
Drug and Task Force Revenue	-	-	1,015	1,015
Donations	1,917	-	69,516	71,433
Group Insurance Payments	1,019,028	-	-	1,019,028
Growth Impact Fees	-	-	79,000	79,000
Rent	2,050	-	115,500	117,550
Other Revenues	98,889	234,277	199,376	532,542
Total Revenues	18,060,352	2,997,070	9,654,058	30,711,480

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## April 30, 2020

	General Fund	North TIF Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
TOTAL REVENUES	18,060,352	2,997,070	9,654,058	30,711,480
EXPENDITURES Current				
General Government	5,037,941	-	1,737,339	6,775,280
Public Safety	7,505,951	-	157,776	7,663,727
Public Works, Cultural,				
Parks, and Recreation	3,560,329	-	2,468,840	6,029,169
Community and Economic Development	2,028,325	2,555,710	3,304,661	7,888,696
Debt Service	106,259	-	623,275	729,534
Capital Outlay	427,557	409,855	557,924	1,395,336
Total Expenditures	18,666,362	2,965,565	8,849,815	30,481,742
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(606,010)	31,505	804,243	229,738
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From Sale of Assets	24,703 29,180	(125,000)	(49,498)	(149,795) 29,180
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	53,883	(125,000)	(49,498)	(120,615)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(552,127)	(93,495)	754,745	109,123
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	1,473,337	1,227,736	7,190,657	9,891,730
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 921,210	\$ 1,134,241	\$ 7,945,402	\$ 10,000,853

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

April 30, 2020

Depreciation expense(1,713,382Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.(1,961,176Change in deferred items - IMRF(1,961,176Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,286Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Eq.315) (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777)			vernmental Activities
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of         Activities are different because:         Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the         Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated         useful lives and reported as depreciation expense         Capital outlay       2,963,678         Depreciation expense       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions       (1,961,176         not reported in the funds.       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - Fire Pension       4,306,280         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to       governmental funds.         (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable       (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension       (5,339,272         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,312         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB       (12,634,777         (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease       585,902         Changes to accrued interest on long-		\$	109.123
Activities are different because:         Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense         Capital outlay       2,963,678         Depreciation expense       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - Sire Pension       4,306,286         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.       (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF       2,179,135         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (5,339,274       (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,312         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB       (12,634,777       (12,634,777         (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease       585,902       585,902		Ψ	109,120
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the         Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated         useful lives and reported as depreciation expense         Capital outlay       2,963,678         Depreciation expense       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - Splice Pension       (1,92,102         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to       governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term         debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.       (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF       (2,179,132         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (5,339,274         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,312         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,312         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB       (12,634,77			
Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense       2,963,678         Capital outlay       2,963,678         Depreciation expense       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.       (1,961,170         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,170         Change in deferred items - Fire Pension       4,306,280         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.       (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension       (5,339,274         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,312         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB       (12,634,777         (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease       585,902         Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities       585,902			
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense       2,963,678         Capital outlay       2,963,678         Depreciation expense       (1,713,382         Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.       (1,713,382         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - Fire Pension       4,306,286         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term       9,738,600         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF       2,179,135         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Sire Pension       (5,339,274         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension       (60,315         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB       (12,634,777)         (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease       585,902         Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities       585,902	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Capital outlay2,963,676Depreciation expense(1,713,382Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions(1,713,382Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions(1,961,176Change in deferred items - IMRF(1,961,176Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,280Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,135(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (63,319,274 (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (60,315(5,339,274 (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (12,634,777 (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease(12,634,777 (12,634,777 (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital leaseChanges to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
Depreciation expense(1,713,382Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.(1,961,176Change in deferred items - IMRF(1,961,176Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,280Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Iz,634,777 (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	useful lives and reported as depreciation expense		
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions         not reported in the funds.         Change in deferred items - IMRF       (1,961,176         Change in deferred items - Fire Pension       4,306,286         Change in deferred items - Police Pension       (1,192,102         Change in deferred items - OPEB       9,738,600         The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term       4ebt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.         (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable	Capital outlay		2,963,678
not reported in the funds.(1,961,176Change in deferred items - IMRF(1,961,176Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,280Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777)(Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	Depreciation expense		(1,713,382)
not reported in the funds.(1,961,176Change in deferred items - IMRF(1,961,176Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,280Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777)(Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions		
Change in deferred items - Fire Pension4,306,280Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension(5,339,274(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(60,315(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902			
Change in deferred items - Police Pension(1,192,102Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (60,315) (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (60,315) (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (12,634,777) (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease(12,634,777) (12,634,777) (Statement of debt and capital leaseChanges to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	Change in deferred items - IMRF		(1,961,176)
Change in deferred items - OPEB9,738,600The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease(12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777)Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902	Change in deferred items - Fire Pension		4,306,280
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.         (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Size Pension         (Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease         Statement of Activities	Change in deferred items - Police Pension		(1,192,102)
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease(12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777)Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities(12,634,777) (12,634,777)	Change in deferred items - OPEB		9,738,600
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB (Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease(12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777) (12,634,777)Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities(12,634,777) (12,634,777)	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(Increase) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	•		
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF2,179,139(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension(5,339,274(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(60,315(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities585,902			
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension(5,339,274(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(60,315(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences payable		-
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension(60,315)(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777)(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF		2,179,139
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB(12,634,777)(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Fire Pension		(5,339,274)
(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease585,902Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension		(60,315)
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability - OPEB	(1	12,634,777)
	(Issuance) Retirement of debt and capital lease		585,902
	Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities		
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 5,049			5,049
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ (3,013,255)	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,013,255)

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## April 30, 2020

	Water and Wastewater System Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 2,555,124	\$ 104,511	\$ 2,659,635
Investments	5,441	37,210	42,651
Accounts Receivable	1,075,258	-	1,075,258
Prepaid Expense	-	-	-
Due From Other Funds	1,010,281		1,010,281
Total Current Assets	4,646,104	141,721	4,787,825
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets, net of Acc. Depreciation	42,284,092	336,120	42,620,212
Construction in Progress	72,945		72,945
Total Noncurrent Assets	42,357,037	336,120	42,693,157
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 47,003,141	\$ 477,841	\$ 47,480,982
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 205,337	\$ -	205,337
Accrued Salaries	3,136	÷	3,136
Interest Payable	63,313	-	63,313
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	1,269,914	-	1,269,914
Due to Other Funds	1,636,985	-	1,636,985
Total Current Liabilities	3,178,685		3,178,685
Noncurrent Liabilities			
EPA Loans Payable	3,548,468	-	3,548,468
Debt Certificates	2,038,000	-	2,038,000
General Obligation Bonds	8,075,000	-	8,075,000
Vactor Truck Loan	99,746	-	99,746
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,761,214		13,761,214
Total Liabilities	16,939,899		16,939,899

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## April 30, 2020

	Water and Wastewater System Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (Continued) NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	27,325,909	336,120	27,662,029
Restricted	-	-	-
Unrestricted	2,737,333	141,721	2,879,054
Total Net Position	30,063,242	477,841	30,541,083
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 47,003,141	\$ 477,841	\$ 47,480,982

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Water and Wastewater System Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Gate Receipts and Concessions Rents	\$ 7,232,369 -	\$ - 51,981	\$ 7,232,369 51,981
Events Revenue Grants and Other Operating Revenues	22,059	233,752	233,752 22,059
Total Operating Revenues	7,254,428	285,733	7,540,161
OPERATING EXPENSES Payroll Benefits Plant and Operations Administration and Other Capital Outlay Depreciation	1,389,439 2,353,122 96,727 - 1,819,366	74,966 318,179 1,168	1,464,405 2,671,301 97,895 - 1,819,366
Total Operating Expenses	5,658,654	394,313	6,052,967
OPERATING INCOME	1,595,774	(108,580)	1,487,194
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Debt Service Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Revenue (Expense)	16,321 (246,755)	-	16,505 - (246,755) -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(230,434)	184	(230,250)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfer (To) From	49,795	100,000	149,795
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	49,795	100,000	149,795
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	1,415,135	(8,396)	1,406,739
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), MAY 1	28,648,107	486,237	29,134,344
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), APRIL 30	\$ 30,063,242	\$ 477,841	\$ 30,541,083

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Water and Wastewater System Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 7,103,228	\$ 285,733	\$ 7,388,961
Payments to Suppliers	(2,533,083)		(2,861,292)
Payments to Employees	(1,425,468)	(74,966)	(1,500,434)
Other Receipts	22,059		22,059
Net Cash from Operating Activities	3,166,736	(117,442)	3,049,294
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfer (To) From Other Funds	49,795	100,000	149,795
Net Cash from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	49,795	100,000	149,795
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds/Payments on Interfund Loans	7,947	-	7,947
Proceeds/Payments on Long-term Debt	2,667,645	-	2,667,645
Purchase of Capital Assets	(3,353,694)	-	(3,353,694)
Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid	(247,636)		(247,636)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(925,738)		(925,738)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Received	16,321	184	16,505
			10,000
Net Cash from Investing Activities	16,321	184	16,505
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,307,114	(17,258)	2,289,856
ensil Equiville (15	2,307,114	(17,230)	2,209,050
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	253,451	158,979	412,430
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 2,560,565	\$ 141,721	\$ 2,702,286
CONSISTING OF:			
Cash	\$ 2,555,124	\$ 104,511	\$ 2,659,635
Investments	5,441	37,210	42,651
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,560,565	\$ 141,721	\$ 2,702,286
See accompanying notes to fir			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Water and Wastewater System Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
RECONCILIATION OR OPERATING INCOME TO					
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income	\$	1,595,774	\$	(108,580)	\$ 1,487,194
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net					
Cash from Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		1,819,366		-	1,819,366
Changes in Net Assets					
Receivables		(129,141)		-	(129,141)
Customer Prepaids		-		-	_
Accounts Payable		(83,234)		(8,862)	(92,096)
Accrued Salaries		(36,029)		-	 (36,029)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	3,166,736	\$	(117,442)	\$ 3,049,294

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# April 30, 2020

	2020
ASSETS	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 404,107
Investments, at Fair Value	
	853,669
Certificates of Deposit	3,916,795
GNMA Obligations	46,395
Government Agency Bonds	3,815,043
Corporate Bonds	3,273,905
Mutual Funds	22,202,155
Employer Receivable - Property Taxes	-
Accrued Interest	76,617
Due from Municipality	5,008
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 34,593,694
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,632
Total Liabilities	10,632
NET POSITION	
Net Position Held In Trust for Pension Benefits	34,583,062
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 34,593,694

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# April 30, 2020

	2020
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer contributions	
Property Tax	\$ 2,820,396
Employee contributions	499,774
Total Contributions	3,320,170
Investment Income	
Interest Income and Dividends	1,325,943
Realized and Unrealized Gains/Losses	(1,465,835)
Less: Investment Expense	(91,425)
Net Investment Income	(231,317)
Other Additions	
Refunds and Reimbursements	660
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,089,513
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension Benefits and Refunds	3,380,558
Administrative Expenses	84,948
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	3,465,506
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(375,993)
NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2018	34,959,055
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2019	\$ 34,583,062

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Ottawa, Illinois (the City) was incorporated in 1853. The city operates as a non-home rule municipality governed under the commission form of government consisting of a Mayor and four Commissioners. The City provides services to the community which includes: police, fire, water and wastewater utility, community development, street maintenance, transportation planning, and general services. The following significant accounting policies apply to the City and its component unit, the Ottawa Visitors Center.

## a. Reporting Entity

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component unit, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Ottawa, Illinois (the primary government) and its component units. The financial data of the component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

## Blended Component Unit

A blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the City but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. The City reports the Ottawa Visitors Center as a blended component unit.

The Ottawa Visitors Center was created May 1, 1998 to promote tourism in Ottawa. The City is represented on the Board of Directors by a Council Member or its representative. The City funds the Center with a provision of Hotel/Motel Tax Funds. Without this funding, the Center would not exist. The Ottawa Visitors Center is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. Financial Statements for the Ottawa Visitors Center at April 30, 2020 were compiled statements only. They are included with these financial statements as such.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has no discretely presented component units.

b. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities report the overall financial activity of the City and its component units, excluding fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities of the City. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated on these statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) fines, fees, and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include all expenses directly related to providing enterprise fund services. Incidental expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and. The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The North Tax Increment Financing District is funded by a property tax restricted for the transactions related to redevelopment projects along Interstate 80.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Waste and Wastewater System Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds account for the accumulation of retirement and disability benefits for police and firefighters' pension plans.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues received from specific sources which are required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property tax revenue, grants, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance, which is the year after the taxes are levied. For example, the 2018 levy is recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Revenue from grants and other contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales tax, utility taxes, motor fuel taxes, hotel/motel tax, food and beverage tax, E-911 surcharge, franchise taxes, ambulance fee, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City reports unavailable/unearned and deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/unearned and deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable/unearned and deferred revenues also arise when the resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

e. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines, and ambulance fees. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### g. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

h. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Certain payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses using the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage systems, storm water, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Improvements	10-50
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Utility System	25-50
Infrastructure	25-50

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## j. Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is not recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, no compensated absence liability is reported. This is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

## k. Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums, and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## 1. Fund Balance/Net Position

Governmental funds equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is reported for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the City Council, which is considered the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the City Council. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and any deficits in other funds, if any, are reported as unassigned.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 1. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

As noted in GASB Statement No. 54, fund balance policies in the General Fund are reported as unassigned but disclosed in the notes.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets, represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

m. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the City. The City must file its tax levy ordinance the end of December of each year. The owner of real property on January 1 (lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year. Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer of LaSalle County, Illinois, who remit to the City its share of the collection. Taxes levied for calendar year 2018 were due, payable, and collected in two installments in July and September 2019.

Revenue for property taxes is recognized in the governmental funds in the year for which the taxes are intended to finance and the funds are available. Accordingly, the City recognized revenue during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 for collections from the calendar year 2018 levy if it was received by year end. Property taxes levied for calendar year 2019, which will be collected in fiscal year 2021 are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenue.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

n. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

o. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditure/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the fiduciary fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." The deposit and investments of the fiduciary fund are held separately from those of other funds.

The City and pension fund categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City deposits and invests in investments allowed by State Statutes. The Statutes authorize the City to make deposits in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, and make investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and their political subdivisions, savings accounts, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds. Pension funds may also invest in certain other investments as allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes.

## 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statues governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety of principal, liquidity, yield and public trust.

a. City Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City will not maintain funds in any financial institution that is not a member of the FDIC system. In addition, City funds will not be maintained in any institution not willing or capable of posting required collateral, or purchasing private insurance for funds in excess of FDIC insurable limits.

b. City Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the City's debt securities as of April, 30 2020:

				Investment Maturities in Years						
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Less than 1		Less than 1 1-5 6-10		10	Greater than 10		
Negotiable CD's	\$	88,450	\$	68,198	\$ 20,252	\$	-	\$	-	
TOTAL	\$	88,450	\$	68,198	\$ 20,252	\$	_	\$	-	

## 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### b. City Investments (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020: Negotiable CD's are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 input).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investment portfolio to minimize risk of loss resulting from overconcentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity. Commercial paper shall not exceed 10% of the investment portfolio.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The City limits it exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in external investment pools. Illinois Funds are rated AAA.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment that are in possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments. Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk by limiting commercial paper to the 10% or less and at no time will the City's investments exceed 65% of a financial institution's capital and surplus.

#### c. Fiduciary Fund Deposits and Investments

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes and the Fund's investment policy authorize the Fund to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, investment grade corporate bonds and Illinois Funds. The Fund may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds, and corporate equity securities.

## 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## c. Fiduciary Fund Investments (Continued)

Police Pension Fund Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

Police Pension Fund Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Fund's debt securities as of April 30, 2020:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Less	than 1		1-5		6-10	Mor	e than 10
GNMA Obligations	\$	44,943	\$	1	\$	546	\$	15,361	\$	29,035
Government Agency Bonds		3,815,043		830,330	2,	100,705		884,008		-
Corporate Bonds		2,715,014		200,695	1,	589,733		924,586		-
Mutual Funds	1	3,016,910	13,	016,910		-		-		-
Total	\$ 1	9,591,910	\$ 14,	047,936	\$3,	690,984	\$	1,823,955	\$	29,035

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020. The mutual funds are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs). The US Government Treasury and agencies and corporate bonds are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs). The Fund has no investments that are valued based on underlying investments (Level 3 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Fund's procedures provide that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund's investing activities are managed under the custody of the Fund President. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Board of Trustees, complying with the Pension Code of Illinois. Government Agency Bonds are rated Aaa, Corporate Bonds are rated A1 – Aa3, and Mortgage Backed Securities are not rated.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### c. Fiduciary Fund Investments (Continued)

Police Pension Fund Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The City of Ottawa, Illinois, Police Pension Fund has the following investments which exceed 5% of plan net assets (Other than US Government Agency Obligations).

		% of Plan
Investment Type	Amount	Net Assets
Mutual Funds		
International Growth Admiral	\$ 1,479,556	7.00%
International Value	1,159,889	5.48%
PRIMECAP Admiral	2,040,437	9.65%
Windsor Admiral	1,852,178	8.76%
Total Int'l Stock Index Admiral	2,428,242	11.48%
Total Stock Market Index Admiral	4,056,609	19.18%

Firefighters' Pension Fund Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

Firefighters' Pension Fund Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Fund's debt securities as of April 30, 2020:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10		
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 853,669	\$ 853,669	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Certificates of Deposit	2,666,795	1,306,618	1,360,177	-	-		
GNMA Obligations	1,452	-	-	-	1,452		
Corporate Bonds	558,891	-	558,891	-	-		
Mutual Funds	9,185,245	9,185,245					
Total	\$ 13,266,052	\$ 11,345,532	\$ 1,919,068	\$ -	\$ 1,452		

## 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Fiduciary Fund Investments (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund Investments (Continued)

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020. The mutual funds are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs). The mortgage backed securities and corporate bonds are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs). The Fund has no investments that are valued based on underlying investments (Level 3 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Fund's procedures provide that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund's investing activities are managed under the custody of the Fund President. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Board of Trustees, complying with the Pension Code of Illinois. Government Agency Bonds are rated Aaa, Corporate Bonds are rated A1 – Aa3, and Mortgage Backed Securities are not rated.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The City of Ottawa, Illinois, Police Pension Fund has the following investments which exceed 5% of plan net assets (Other than US Government Agency Obligations).

		% of Plan
Investment Type	 Amount	Net Assets
Mutual Funds		
MSIF Growth Portfolio	\$ 2,021,409	15.05%
Exchange Traded Funds		
iShares Minimum Volatility USA ETF	760,231	5.66%
Vanguard Index Funds S&P 500 ETF	791,952	5.89%

# 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balances May 1	Additions	Disposals	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 14,105,696	\$ 11,750	\$ -	\$ 14,117,446
Construction in Progress				
Total capital assets not deing depreciated	14,105,696	11,750		14,117,446
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	7,120,183	108,884	-	7,229,067
Improvements	5,820,516	1,818,522	-	7,639,038
Machinery and Equipment	10,558,333	249,637	-	10,807,970
Infrastructure	34,985,517	774,885	-	35,760,402
Total capital assets being depreciated	58,484,549	2,951,928	-	61,436,477
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings (25-50)	3,458,104	143,882	-	3,601,986
Improvements (10-50)	2,741,183	350,519	-	3,091,702
Machinery and Equipment (3-20)	8,862,460	529,562	-	9,392,022
Infrastructure (25-50)	10,250,776	689,419	-	10,940,195
Total accumulated depreciation	25,312,523	1,713,382		27,025,905
Net capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	3,662,079	(34,998)	-	3,627,081
Improvements	3,079,333	1,468,003	-	4,547,336
Machinery and Equipment	1,695,873	(279,925)	-	1,415,948
Infrastructure	24,734,741	85,466	-	24,820,207
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	33,172,026	1,238,546		34,410,572
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 47,277,722	\$ 1,250,296	\$ -	\$ 48,528,018

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
General government	65,493
Public safety	362,209
Public works, cultural, parks, recreation	747,232
Community/Economic development	538,448
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,713,382

# 3. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balances May 1	Additions	Disposals	Balances April 30
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 407,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 407,740
Construction in Progress	129,628	72,945	(129,628)	72,945
Total capital assets not deing depreciated	537,368	72,945	(129,628)	480,685
Capital assets being depreciated				
Machinery and Equipment	70,690,461	3,410,377		74,100,838
Total capital assets being depreciated	70,690,461	3,410,377	-	74,100,838
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and Equipment (3-20)	30,069,000	1,819,366		31,888,366
Total accumulated depreciation	30,069,000	1,819,366	-	31,888,366
Net capital assets being depreciated				
Machinery and Equipment	40,621,461	1,591,011		42,212,472
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,621,461	1,591,011		42,212,472
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 41,158,829	\$ 1,663,956	\$ (129,628)	\$ 42,693,157

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
Water and sewer	1,819,366
Swimming pool	-
Canal rental and purchase	-
Events	
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,819,366

## 4. RECEIVABLES

## a. Installment Loans

The notes receivable as of April 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Interest					e Within
Loan	Term	Due	Rate		Amount	On	e Year
Note Receivable	15 year	08/2025	3.00%	\$	26,517	\$	4,517

# 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020:

	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances May 1		Additions Reductions		Balances April 30		Current Portion		
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
GO Bonds Series 2009	Debt Service	\$	1,960,000	\$	-	\$ (150,000)	\$	1,810,000	\$	155,000
GO Bonds Series 2016	Debt Service		685,000		-	(340,000)		345,000		345,000
Installment Note	General		92,405		-	(30,087)		62,318		30,796
Installment Note	General		127,490		-	 (30,765)		96,725		31,492
		\$	2,864,895	\$	-	\$ (550,852)	\$	2,314,043	\$	562,288
<b>Business-type Activities</b>										
Debt Certificate Series 2012B	Water/Wastewater	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$ (125,000)	\$	1,375,000	\$	125,000
Debt Certificate Series 2013	Water/Wastewater		1,539,000		-	(371,000)		1,168,000		380,000
GO Bonds Series 2017	Water/Wastewater		4,760,000		-	(80,000)		4,680,000		85,000
GO Bonds Series 2020 Alt Rev	Water/Wastewater		-		3,700,000	-		3,700,000		220,000
IEPA Loan	Water/Wastewater		602,782		-	(74,031)		528,751		75,894
IEPA Loan	Water/Wastewater		3,685,251		-	(294,820)		3,390,431		294,820
Installment Loan	Water/Wastewater		245,877		-	(80,397)		165,480		81,949
Installment Loan	Water/Wastewater		30,573		-	 (7,107)		23,466		7,251
		\$	12,363,483	\$	3,700,000	\$ (1,032,355)	\$	15,031,128	\$	1,269,914

# a. Governmental Activities Long-term Debt

Long-term debt at April 30, 2020 consists of the following:

<b>Governmental Activities</b> GO Bonds	Amount utstanding
\$2,485,000 taxable general obligation (alternate revenue source) Series 2009 Recovery Zone Economic bonds dated January 15, 2010, 4.69% to 6.75%, due through December, 2028	\$ 1,810,000
\$1,350,000 general obligation bonds, Series 2016 dated February 26, 2016, 1.35% to 1.70%, due through January, 2021	345,000
Installment Notes Note for purchase of wheel loader dated June 1, 2017, due 2022	62,318
Note for purchase of street sweeper dated September 27, 2017, due 2023	 96,725
Total Governmental Activities	 2,314,043

# 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

## b. Business-type Activities Long-term Debt

Long-term debt at April 30, 2020 consists of the following:

<b>Business-type Activities</b> GO Bonds	C	Amount Outstanding
\$2,375,000 taxable general obligation refunding debt certificate (limited tax) Series 2012B bonds dated October 3, 2012, 1.71% to 4.30%, due through December, 2030	\$	1,375,000
\$3,579,000 taxable general obligation refunding debt certificate (limited tax) Series 2013 bonds dated March 26, 2013, 1.71% to 3.42%, due through December, 2022		1,168,000
\$4,770,000 general obligation bonds, Series 2017 dated March 14, 2017, 2.58%, due through March, 2030		4,680,000
\$3,700,000 general obligation bonds (ARS), Series 2020 dated March 25, 2020, 1.75%, due through April, 2035		3,700,000
IEPA Loans \$1,361,458 Water and Wastewater System construction loan from Illinois		
EPA dated 2007, 2.50%, due October, 2026		528,751
\$7,657,790 Water and Wastewater System construction loan from Illinois EPA dated 2012, 0.00%, due July, 2031		3,390,431
Installment Notes		
Note for purchase of vactor truck dated March 29, 2017, due 2022		165,480
Note for purchase of Ford F-350 dated May 23, 2018, due 2024		23,466
Total Business-type Activities		15,031,128

# c. Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize the governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Ending April 30	Principal	Interest			
2020	562,288	123,150			
2021	228,757	107,043			
2022	207,998	95,949			
2023	185,000	84,857			
2025	200,000	73,683			
2026-2030	930,000	159,868			
TOTALS	\$ 2,314,043 -	\$ 644,550			

See Supplemental Data on pages 110-116 for additional detail on annual requirements.

## 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### c. Annual Debt Service Requirements (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the business-type activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
Ending April 30	Principal	Interest			
2021	1,269,914	287,705			
2022	1,292,550	266,740			
2023	1,236,126	239,959			
2024	1,257,859	213,144			
2025	1,283,643	188,964			
2026-2030	6,778,806	558,088			
2031-2035	1,912,230	76,688			
TOTALS	\$ 15,031,128	\$ 1,831,288			

See Supplemental Data on pages 110-116 for additional detail on annual requirements.

d. Legal Debt Margin

The Village is a non-home municipality	
ASSESSED VALUATION - 2019 (LATEST AVAILABLE)	\$ 308,446,215
LEGAL DEBT LIMIT - 8.625% OF ASSESSED VALUATION	26,603,486
AMOUNT OF DEBT APPLICABLE TO DEBT LIMIT (excludes	
GOARS bonds)	 11,487,181
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 15,116,305

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statues provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner of for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979.")

## 6. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Balances May 1	Additions	I	Reductions	Balances April 30	Current Portion
<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
Net Pension Liability						
IMRF	\$ 2,615,838	\$ -	\$	(2,179,139)	\$ 436,699	\$ -
Fire Pension	26,505,889	5,339,274		-	31,845,163	-
Police Pension	19,368,614	60,315		-	19,428,929	-
Total Net Pension Liability	 48,490,341	5,399,589		(2,179,139)	 51,710,791	 -
Net OPEB Liability	34,280,215	12,634,777		-	46,914,992	-
Capital Lease	 188,524			(35,050)	 153,474	 36,142
	\$ 82,959,080	\$ 18,034,366	\$	(2,214,189)	\$ 98,779,257	\$ 36,142

On May 23, 2018, the City entered a capital lease agreement with BB Community Leasing Services, Inc for a 2017 Ford F-450 ambulance purchase. The original balance was \$220,682 with required annual payments of \$40,347. The capital lease has an interest rate of 2.966% and a maturity date of December 1, 2023. The remaining balance as of April 30, 2020 is \$153,474.

The annual requirements to amortize the capital lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Capital Lease				
Ending April 30	Principal	Interest			
2021	36,142	4,205			
2022	37,270	3,077			
2023	38,432	1,915			
2024	41,630	717			
2025					
TOTALS	<u>\$ 153,474</u> -	\$ 9,914			

For more information on Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities, please reference Notes 8 and 9 on pages 41-59 and Required Supplementary Information.

## 7. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

a. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# 7. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

# a. Transfers to/from Other Funds (Continued)

Operating transfers for the year ended April 30, 2020 were as follows:

Operating Transfers by Fund		ransfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	124,703	\$	100,000	
North TIF Fund		-		125,000	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		272,622		1,129,090	
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		271,970		-	
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		535,000		-	
Water and Wastewater System Fund		49,795		-	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		100,000		-	
TOTAL	\$	1,354,090	\$	1,354,090	

## b. Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at April 30, 2020 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Ottawa Vistors Center	\$ 147,778
Water and Wastewater System	Growth Impact Fee Fund	31,288
General Fund	Flood Buyout	18,626
Enterprise Zone Capital Improvement	Water and Wastewater System	1,636,985
Water and Wastewater System	General Fund	978,993
TOTAL		\$ 2,813,670

## c. Deficit Fund Balances

As of April 30, 2020, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

Fund		Deficit		
Auditing Fund	\$	29,086		
Ottawa Police Department Drug Education Fund		62,702		
Garbage Fund		355,517		
Street Lighting Fund		115,911		
Canal Tax Increment Financing District Fund		518,662		
Dayton Tax Increment Financing District Fund		224,627		
Route 71 Tax Increment Financing District Fund		122,590		
Series 2016 Bond and Interest Fund		1,408		

## 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and Firefighters' Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the City at 301 W. Madison Street, Ottawa, IL 61350. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by ILCS and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The table below is a summary for all pension plans as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020:

	Firefighters'					
	IMRF	Pension	Police Pension	Total		
Net Pension Liability	436,699	31,845,163	19,428,929	51,710,791		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,344,512	5,188,045	4,995,287	12,527,844		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,879,894	2,172,557	2,238,772	7,291,223		

a. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

## Plan Administration

All employees (other than those covered by the Firefighters' and Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

## Plan Membership

At December 31, 2019, IMRF membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	96
Inactive, non-retired members	36
Active plan members	98
TOTAL	230

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. The final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 year of IMRF service, divided by 48.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service.

Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. The final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 96 months within the last 10 years of IMRF service, divided by 96.

#### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the City's RP Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 7.96% of covered payroll.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

## 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### a. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Assumptions	
Interest rate	7.25%
Salary increases	3.35% to 14.25%
Cost of living adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives.

For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that The City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

# a. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Continued)

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1	1% Increase		
	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,079,296	\$	436,699	\$	(1,772,865)		

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

	(a) (b)		(a) - (b)			
	Т	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability	1	Net Position		Liability
Balances at January 1, 2019	\$	22,078,374	\$	19,462,536	\$	2,615,838
Changes for the period						
Service cost		444,198		-		444,198
Interest		1,565,273		-		1,565,273
Difference between expected						-
and actual experience		465,200		-		465,200
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Employer contributions		-		368,253		(368,253)
Employee contributions		-		213,962		(213,962)
Net investment income		-		3,772,332		(3,772,332)
Benefit payments and refunds		(1,420,997)		(1,420,997)		-
Other				299,263		(299,263)
Net changes		1,053,674		3,232,813		(2,179,139)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	23,132,048	\$	22,695,349	\$	436,699

## 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### a. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$157,493. At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
		utflows of		Inflows of
	<u>1</u>	Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	353,012	\$	37,818
Changes in assumption		244,556		100,655
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,746,944		2,741,421
Contributions after measurement date		118,422		-
TOTAL	\$	2,462,934	\$	2,879,894

\$118,422 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending April 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Def	erred Outflows of	
Year Ending December 31	Resources		
2020	\$	5,477	
2021		(120,112)	
2022		173,847	
2023		(476,172)	
2024		-	
Thereafter			
TOTAL	\$	(416,960)	

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### b. Firefighters' Pension Plan

## Plan Administration

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn firefighter personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a pension trust fund. The Firefighters' Pension Fund is governed by a board pursuant to Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1).

## Plan Membership

At April 30, 2020, the measurement date, membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	40
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active Plan Members	29
TOTAL	69

## Benefits Provided

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### b. Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided (Continued)

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of 1/2 of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., 1/2%) for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% of 1/2 of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

#### **Contributions**

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City's contribution was 75.82% of covered payroll

## 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## b. Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2020 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	April 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market value
Assumptions:	
Interest rate	6.25%
Salary increases	2.25 - 7.90%
Cost of living adjustments	2.25%
Inflation	2.25%

Mortality rates were based on rates developed in the L&A 2020 Mortality Table for Illinois Firefighters. Other demographic assumption rates are based on a review of assumptions in the L&A 2020 study for Illinois Firefighters.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. The rate used was 5.40%.

Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net position will be able to cover future benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected net position, the expected rate of return on plan investments is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. The plan's projected net position is expected to cover future benefit payments in full for the current employees.

Projected benefit payments are determined during the actuarial process based on the assumptions. The expected contributions are based on the funding policy of the plan.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## b. Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 5.40% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.40%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.40%) than the current rate.

	1	% Decrease	(	Current Rate	1	1% Increase
		(4.40%)		(5.40%)		(6.40%)
Net pension liability	\$	39,103,394	\$	31,845,163	\$	26,050,984

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)	
	Т	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability	Net Position		Liability	
Balances at May 1, 2019	\$	39,970,892	\$	13,465,003	\$	26,505,889
Changes for the period						
Service cost		676,238		-		676,238
Interest		2,318,152		-		2,318,152
Difference between expected						-
and actual experience		591,010		-		591,010
Changes in assumptions		3,558,173		-		3,558,173
Employer contributions		-		1,644,975		(1,644,975)
Employee contributions		-		205,122		(205,122)
Net investment income		-		185,194		(185,194)
Benefit payments and refunds		(2,020,713)		(2,020,713)		-
Other		186,912		(44,080)		230,992
Net changes		5,309,772		(29,502)		5,339,274
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$	45,280,664	\$	13,435,501	\$	31,845,163

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## b. Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources For the year ended April 30, 2020 the City recognized pension expense of \$2,677,969. At April 30, 2020, The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Firefighters' Pension from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	505,107	\$	1,996,500
Changes in assumption		4,163,211		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		519,727		176,057
Contributions after measurement date		-		
TOTAL	\$	5,188,045	\$	2,172,557

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Firefighters' Pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	
2021	\$	492,562
2022		492,562
2023		492,566
2024		551,248
2025		455,847
Thereafter		530,703
TOTAL	\$	3,015,488

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### c. Police Pension Plan

## Plan Administration

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Police Pension Fund as a pension trust fund. The Police Pension Fund is governed by a board pursuant to Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1).

## Plan Membership

At April 30, 2020, the measurement date, membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	29
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active Plan Members	36
TOTAL	66

## Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% of compounded annually thereafter.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index of 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e.,  $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1<sup>st</sup> after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

### *Contributions*

Covered employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, the ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2020, the City's contribution was 40.14% of covered payroll.

### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### c. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2020 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	April 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market value
Assumptions:	
Interest rate	6.50%
Salary increases	2.25 - 5.08%
Cost of living adjustments	2.25%
Inflation	2.25%

Mortality rates were based on rates developed in the L&A 2020 Mortality Table for Illinois Police Officers. Other demographic assumption rates are based on a review of assumptions in the L&A 2020 study for Illinois Police Officers.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. The rate used was 6.39%.

Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net position will be able to cover future benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected net position, the expected rate of return on plan investments is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. The plan's projected net position is expected to cover future benefit payments in full for the current employees.

Projected benefit payments are determined during the actuarial process based on the assumptions. The expected contributions are based on the funding policy of the plan.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

# c. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 6.39% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.39%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.39%) than the current rate.

	1	% Decrease	C	Current Rate	1	% Increase
		(5.39%)		(6.39%)		(7.39%)
Net pension liability	\$	26,630,861	\$	19,428,929	\$	13,751,381

### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balances at May 1, 2019	\$ 40,862,666	\$ 21,494,052	\$ 19,368,614
Changes for the period			
Service cost	875,145	-	875,145
Interest	2,346,672	-	2,346,672
Difference between expected			-
and actual experience	273,452	-	273,452
Changes in assumptions	(2,550,579)	-	(2,550,579)
Employer contributions	-	1,175,421	(1,175,421)
Employee contributions	-	290,212	(290,212)
Net investment income	-	(416,285)	416,285
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,359,845)	(1,359,845)	-
Other	128,978	(35,995)	164,973
Net changes	(286,177)	(346,492)	60,315
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$ 40,576,489	\$ 21,147,560	\$ 19,428,929

#### 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

# c. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources For the year ended April 30, 2020 the City recognized pension expense of \$2,427,838. At April 30, 2020, The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Police Pension from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	435,961	\$	-
Changes in assumption		2,904,410		2,238,772
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,654,916		-
Contributions after measurement date		-		-
TOTAL	\$	4,995,287	\$	2,238,772

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Police Pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources		
2021	\$	730,642	
2022		730,642	
2023		730,642	
2024		663,178	
2025		300,047	
Thereafter		(398,636)	
TOTAL	\$	2,756,515	

#### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 8, the City provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual, except for the implicit subsidy which is governed by the State Legislature and ILCS. The plan does not issue a separate report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The activity of the plan is reported in the City's governmental activities.

#### b. Benefits Provided

The City provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employee rates to all eligible retirees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance since the retiree does not pay an age adjusted premium. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the City's retirement plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Once reaching Medicare age, retirees are covered by a Medicare supplement plan as opposed to the City's active employee health plan. For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the City is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and any eligible spouse for their lifetime.

c. Membership

At April 30, 2020, the measurement date, membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	107
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	135
TOTAL	242

### d. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$46,914,992 was measured as of April 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2020.

### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### e. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at April 30, 2020, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Inflation	Not applicable
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.56%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.50% initial trend rate to 5.00% ultimate trend rate

The discount rate used in the determination of the total OPEB liability is based on the municipal bond rate. The municipal bond rate was based on the index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at April 30, 2020.

#### **IMRF** Participants:

Mortality rates were based on the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates.

Firefighters' Pension Plan Participants:

Mortality rates were based on the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the raw rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Police Pension Plan Participants:

Mortality rates were based on the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the raw rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balances at May 1, 2019	\$ 34,280,215		
Changes for the period			
Service cost	903,731		
Interest	1,281,539		
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	-		
Changes in assumptions	11,383,794		
Employer contributions	-		
Employee contributions	-		
Net investment income	-		
Benefit payments and refunds	(934,287)		
Other			
Net changes	12,634,777		
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$ 46,914,992		

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.79% for the reporting period ending April 30, 2019 to 2.56% for the reporting period ending April 30, 2020.

### g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 2.56% as well as what the City total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.56%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.56%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	C	Current Rate	1	% Increase
		(1.56%)		(2.56%)		(3.56%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	56,468,485	\$	46,914,992	\$	39,439,275

### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### g. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the Healthcare Trend Rate that varies, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	C	Current Rate	]	1% Increase
		(varies)		(varies)		(varies)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	37,837,379	\$	46,914,992	\$	59,149,004

#### h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2020 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,830,464. At April 30, 2020, The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	
Changes in assumption	10,580,825	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on postretirement plan investments	-	-	
Contributions after measurement date			
TOTAL	\$ 10,580,825	\$ -	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

C	Net Deferred Outflows of		
Year Ending April 30	Resources		
2021	\$	1,645,194	
2022		1,645,194	
2023		1,645,194	
2024	1,645,194		
2025	1,645,194		
Thereafter		2,354,855	
TOTAL	\$	10,580,825	

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; natural disasters; and injuries to the City's employees. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage for losses relating to liability (law, public officials, general and auto liability) and workers' compensation. The City is self-insured for employee health insurance. The City is insured with commercial insurers for stop-loss (\$80,000 per claimant, unless otherwise contractually stated) and aggregate loss claims (\$3,179,447 in the aggregate).

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude an significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

### 11. CONTIGENTS LIABILITIES

a. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

b. Litigation

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. Legal counsel of the City estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect future financial statements of the City.

#### c. Commitments

The City has ongoing capital projects in varying stages of completion which have not yet been approved for draw by the engineer and architect.

### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the Auditors' Report, the date the City's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2020 were available to be issued. There were no items of significance.

### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus surfaced in Wuhan, China, and has spread around the world, with resulting business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations and financial position of the Village could be materially adversely affected. The extent to which the coronavirus (or any other disease or epidemic) impacts business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others. **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

DEVENILIES	Original and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES Dromoutly Toylog	\$ 2,097,73	5 \$	2 255 080
Property Taxes			2,255,980
Replacement Taxes	320,318		112,654
Utility Taxes Sales Taxes	1,429,200		1,403,995
	6,457,450		6,755,454
State Income Taxes	1,823,545		1,846,489
Gambling Taxes	4,600		17,796
Video Game Taxes	450,818		438,591
Telecommunications Tax	355,25		301,229
Motor Fuel Tax	0.60	-	-
Interest Income	9,69		4,601
Intergovernmental Revenue	557,975		1,709,671
Charges for Services	171,87		187,158
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		-	-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-	-
Grants		-	-
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	159,168		149,814
Licenses and Permits	507,270	)	464,407
Ambulance Fees	808,500	)	965,594
Ambulance Transfer Revenue	726,000	)	325,035
Donations	2,500	)	1,917
Group Insurance Payments	876,000	)	1,019,028
Rent	1,250	)	2,050
Other Revenues	192,350	<u> </u>	98,889
Total Revenues	16,951,504	<u>ا</u>	18,060,352
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	4,425,535	5	5,037,941
Public Safety	7,983,35		7,505,951
Public Works, Cultural, Parks, and Recreation	3,178,765		3,560,329
Community and Economic Development	881,320		2,028,325
Debt Service	)-	-	106,259
Capital Outlay	562,765	5	427,557
Total Expenditures	17,031,742	2	18,666,362

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(80,238)	(606,010)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From Sale of assets	-	24,703 29,180
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		53,883
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (80,238)	(552,127)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		1,473,337
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$ 921,210

### SPECIAL REVENUE - NORTH TIF FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original Final Bu		А	ctual
REVENUES Property taxes Interest Income	\$	-	\$	2,752,579 10,214
Other Revenues				234,277
Total Revenues				2,997,070
EXPENDITURES Community and Economic Development Capital Outlay		-		2,555,710 409,855
Total Expenditures				2,965,565
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		31,505
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From				(125,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(125,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-		(93,495)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		_		1,227,736
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		_	\$	1,134,241

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

	2019		2018		2017		2016			2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	351,511	\$	473,551	\$	552,845	\$	627,844	\$	566,502
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		368,253		473,551		590,956		627,886		573,080
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$	(16,742)	\$	-	\$	(38,111)	\$	(42)	\$	(6,578)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4	4,415,971	\$ ·	4,231,915	\$ ·	4,011,938	\$ .	3,761,798	\$ 3	3,722,091
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.34%		11.19%		14.73%		16.69%		15.40%

December 31, 2019\*

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percentage of pay, closed and the amortization period was 24 years; the asset valuation method was 5-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% compounded annually and postretirement benefit increases of 2.50% compounded annually.

\*IMRF's measurement date is December 31, 2019; therefore information above is presented for the calendar year ended December 31, 2019.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

	2	001 51, 2017			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 444,198	\$ 429,563	\$ 412,489	\$ 429,109	\$ 360,292
Interest	1,565,273	1,537,142	1,528,662	1,478,758	1,380,174
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected					600 40 <b>7</b>
and actual experience	465,200	(87,606)	117,582	1,254	699,495
Changes of assumptions	-	566,530	(674,306)	(45,380)	45,167
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,420,997)	(1,295,396)	(1,264,414)	(1,221,098)	(1,083,627)
Net change in total pension liability	1,053,674	1,150,233	120,013	642,643	1,401,501
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	22,078,374	20,928,141	20,808,128	20,165,485	18,763,984
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 23,132,048	\$ 22,078,374	\$ 20,928,141	\$ 20,808,128	\$ 20,165,485
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 368,253	\$ 473,551	\$ 590,956	\$ 627,886	\$ 573,080
Contributions - member	213,962	190,436	181,849	169,281	174,557
Net investment income	3,772,332	(1,304,726)	3,445,269	1,185,138	87,000
Benefit payments, including refunds				(1.001.000)	
of member contributions	(1,420,997)	(1,295,396)	(1,264,414)	(1,221,098)	(1,083,627)
Other	299,263	419,822	(532,679)	256,467	221,183
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,232,813	(1,516,313)	2,420,981	1,017,674	(27,807)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	19,462,536	20,978,849	18,557,868	17,540,194	17,568,001
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 22,695,349	\$ 19,462,536	\$ 20,978,849	\$ 18,557,868	\$ 17,540,194
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 436,699	\$ 2,615,838	\$ (50,708)	\$ 2,250,260	\$ 2,625,291
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	98.11%	88.15%	100.24%	89.19%	86.98%
of the total pension haomity (asset)	20.11/0	00.1370	100.2470	07.17/0	00.9070
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,415,971	\$ 4,231,915	\$ 4,011,938	\$ 3,761,798	\$ 3,722,091
Employer's net pension liability as a percen of covered-employee payroll	tage 9.89%	61.81%	-1.26%	59.82%	70.53%

December 31, 2019\*

Changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

\*IMRF's measurement date is December 31, 2019; therefore information above is presented for the calendar year ended December 31, 2019.

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

#### Year Ended April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year April 30,	Actuarially Determined Contributions		Determined Determined Contribution				]	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	\$	849,859	\$	989,970	\$	(140,111)	\$	1,817,526	54.47%
2016		891,210		969,642		(78,432)		1,953,599	49.63%
2017		1,009,595		1,056,852		(47,257)		2,016,700	52.41%
2018		1,114,348		1,067,106		47,242		2,261,158	47.19%
2019		1,359,146		1,287,837		71,309		2,070,140	62.21%
2020		1,644,649		1,644,975		(326)		2,169,453	75.82%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution shown for the current year is the statutory minimum requirement from the May 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation completed by the Illinois Department of Insurance for the December 2018 tax levy. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same actuarial valuation. For more detail on the age-based and service-based rates disclosed below, please see the

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Amortization Target	90% Funded over 22 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value
Inflation (CPI-U)	2.50%
Payroll Increases	3.50%
Individual Pay Increases	3.50% - 12.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment
Retirement Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17
Termination Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17
Disability Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Year Ended April 30, 2020

	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes of accounting methodology Changes in benefit terms	\$ 676,238 2,318,152 - 186,912	\$ 646,010 1,934,404 8,566,472
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 591,010 3,558,173 (2,020,713)	 (2,826,646) 1,588,835 (1,777,280)
Net change in total pension liability	 5,309,772	 8,131,795
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 39,970,892	 31,839,097
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 45,280,664	\$ 39,970,892
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - other Changes of accounting methodology Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense	\$ 1,644,975 205,122 4,440 - 185,194 (2,020,713) (48,520)	\$ 1,287,837 195,732 (1,004,104) 1,137,436 (1,777,280) (51,091)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 (29,502)	 (211,470)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 13,465,003	 13,676,473
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 13,435,501	\$ 13,465,003
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 31,845,163	\$ 26,505,889
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	29.67%	33.69%
Covered-employee payroll	2,169,453	2,070,140
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1467.89%	1280.39%

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

#### Year Ended April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year April 30,	Actuarially Determined Contributions		Determined Determined Contr		ntribution eficiency	]	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	
2015	\$	605,277	\$	694,633	\$	(89,356)	\$	2,480,643	28.00%
2016		705,401		690,595		14,806		2,573,280	26.84%
2017		793,932		875,464		(81,532)		2,542,435	34.43%
2018		855,960		876,462		(20,502)		2,628,641	33.34%
2019		1,018,862		972,150		46,712		2,688,734	36.16%
2020		1,133,623		1,175,421		(41,798)		2,928,473	40.14%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution shown for the current year is the statutory minimum requirement from the May 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation completed by the Illinois Department of Insurance for the December 2018 tax levy. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same actuarial valuation. For more detail on the age-based and service-based rates disclosed below, please see the

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Amortization Target	90% Funded Over 22 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value
Inflation (CPI-U)	2.50%
Payroll Increases	3.50%
Individual Pay Increases	3.50% - 11.00%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment
Retirement Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17
Termination Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17
Disability Rates	Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated 10/5/17

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE PENSION FUND

Year Ended April 30, 2020

		2020		2019
Total Pension Liability	Φ	075145	¢	
Service cost	\$	875,145	\$	712,549
Interest Changes of accounting methodology		2,346,672		1,940,563
Changes of accounting methodology Changes of benefit terms		- 128,978		4,717,939
Differences between expected and actual experience		273,452		269,051
Changes of assumptions		(2,550,579)		3,988,146
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,359,845)		(1,240,792)
Net change in total pension liability		(286,177)		10,387,456
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		40,862,666		30,475,210
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	40,576,489	\$	40,862,666
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	\$	1,175,421	\$	972,150
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	Φ	290,212	Φ	266,454
Contributions - other		433		200,434
Changes of accounting methodology		-		1,422,546
Net investment income		(416,285)		933,245
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,359,845)		(1,240,792)
Administrative expense		(36,428)		(12,180)
Prior period audit adjustment		-		(802,953)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(346,492)		1,538,470
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		21,494,052		19,955,582
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	21,147,560	\$	21,494,052
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	19,428,929	\$	19,368,614
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability (asset)		52.12%		52.60%
Covered-employee payroll		2,928,473		2,688,734
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered-employee payroll		663.45%		720.36%

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### OPEB

#### Year Ended April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year April 30,	Actuar Determ Contribu	nined	in Re the Ao Dete	ributions lation to ctuarially prmined ributions	 Covered Contribution Employee Deficiency Payroll			Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,362,824	0.00%
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,850,008	0.00%

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

There is no Actuarially Determined Contribution or Employer Contribution in relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution, as there is no Trust that exists for funding the OPEB Liability. However, the City did make contributions from other City resources in the current year in the amount of \$852,424.

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

### Year Ended April 30, 2020

	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 903,731 1,281,539	\$ 823,455 1,256,691
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	 - 11,383,794 (934,287)	 - 971,600 (852,424)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 12,634,777	 2,199,322
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 34,280,215	 32,080,893
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 46,914,992	\$ 34,280,215
OPEB Plan Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - other Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense	\$ 934,287 - - (934,287) -	\$ 852,424 - - (852,424) -
Net change in OPEB plan net position		 -
OPEB Plan Net Position - Beginning	 -	 -
OPEB Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 46,914,992	\$ 34,280,215
OPEB Plan net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	9,850,008	12,362,824
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	476.29%	277.28%

*This is a 10-year schedule - however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Information will be added to this schedule until 10 years of information is available.* 

#### CITY OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2020

#### 1. BUDGETS

The Budget Ordinance is prepared in tentative form by the City, reviewed and approved by the City Council, and is made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to final Council action. A public hearing is held on the tentative Budget Ordinance to obtain taxpayer comments.

Prior to August 1, the Budget ordinance is legally enacted through the passage of a Budget ordinance. All actual expenditures contained herein have been compared to the annual operating budget.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and enterprise funds. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. A proposed operating budget is submitted to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Subsequently, the budget is used to develop the annual appropriation ordinance, which is the City's legal budgetary document. The appropriation ordinance is enacted through passage of a City ordinance.
- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue and debt service funds.
- e. Budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.
- f. Transfers between line items, departments and funds may be made by administrative action, however, amounts to be transferred between funds would require City Council approval. The level of legal control is the individual fund budget in total.
- g. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted on April 15, 2019, with the exceptions of City Council approved transfers which were not material in relation to the budgets taken as a whole.

In the General Fund, expenditures (\$18,666,362) exceeded budgeted amounts (\$17,031,742) for the year ended April 30, 2020.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		
TAXES					
Property Taxes	\$	2,097,735	\$	2,255,980	
Replacement Taxes		320,318		112,654	
Utility Taxes		1,429,200		1,403,995	
Sales Taxes		6,457,456		6,755,454	
State Income Taxes		1,823,545		1,846,489	
Gambling Taxes		4,600		17,796	
Video Game Taxes		450,818		438,591	
Telecommunications Tax		355,251		301,229	
Total Taxes		12,938,923		13,132,188	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
Highway Maintenance		49,000		65,043	
Traffic Light Reimbursement		12,851		67,376	
Police and Fire Training		7,611		3,339	
Marseilles Reimbursement		120,000		123,600	
WFPD Reimbursements		127,013		126,000	
Naplate Reimbursements		10,000		-	
School Reimbursements		101,500		101,500	
Other Grants		130,000		1,222,813	
Total Intergovernmental		557,975		1,709,671	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:					
Parking Meter Fees		-		-	
Registrar Fees		14,027		14,849	
Yard Waste Fees		157,844		172,309	
Total Charges for Services		171,871		187,158	
FINES AND EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS					
Adjudication Fines		47,481		30,831	
Circuit Clerk Fines		76,595		93,003	
Parking Fines		35,092		25,980	
Liquor Fines		-		-	
NCAT Reimbursements		-		-	
Total Fines and Expense Reimbursements		159,168		149,814	

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and	A / 1
LICENSES AND PERMITS	Final Budget	Actual
Miscellaneous License	3,000	4,485
Peddlers License	595	200
Liquor License	77,700	76,425
Sign Filing Fee	1,836	1,312
TV Franchise Fee	264,988	192,368
Sidewalk Café License Permit	100	172,508
Electrical License	49,000	84,250
Business License	17,000	600
Raffle License	400	475
Contractor License	23,000	28,350
Electrical Test Fee	9,000	9,400
Dog Release Fees	650	300
Plumbing Permit	275	170
Rezoning Filing Fee	1,400	2,192
Building Permit	46,065	49,235
Swimming Pool Permit	500	350
Wrecking Permit	225	400
Electrical Permit	12,267	7,125
Plat Design Review Fee Permit	11,969	1,670
Home Occupation Business Permit	125	-
Fence Permit	4,175	4,925
Total Licenses and Permits	507,270	464,407
MISCELLANEOUS		
Police Other	2,647	6,800
Character Counts		-
Sex Offender Registration Fees	1,337	1,108
Police Vehicle Replacement Fees	8,416	5,136
Failure to Appear Warrant Fees	1,540	1,583
Group Insurance Payments	876,000	1,019,028
Telephone Franchise	18,311	18,311
Special Duty Officers	135,000	38,914
Tree Removal	6,000	-
Recoup Liens	10,121	8,856
Tree Program Donations	1,247	-

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)		
Rents	1,250	2,050
Reddick Mansion Utilities	-	-
Museum Reimbursement	2,737	2,900
Ambulance Fees	808,500	965,594
Ambulance Transfer Revenue	726,000	325,035
Donations	2,500	1,917
Other	5,000	15,281
Total Miscellaneous	2,606,606	2,412,513
INTEREST INCOME	9,691	4,601
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 16,951,504	\$ 18,060,352

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		ginal and al Budget	Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Department of Mayor				
Salaries - Elected Official	\$	65,500	\$ 59,827	
Salaries - Clerical		61,546	61,546	
Salaries - Part-time		42,230	44,243	
Clothing Allowance		-	-	
Dues, Education, Seminars		2,500	-	
Office Supplies		2,000	1,407	
Operating Supplies		3,000	-	
Telephone and Pager Expense		960	400	
Gasoline and Fuel		1,000	-	
Contractual Computer Services		1,000	270	
Miscellaneous		5,000	 4,358	
Total Department of Mayor		184,736	 172,051	
Department of Liquor Commissioner				
Salaries - Elected Official		5,500	5,500	
Salaries - Clerical		400	 397	
Total Department of Liquor Commissioner		5,900	 5,897	
Department of Fire and Police Commission				
Dues, Education, Seminars		3,000	1,125	
Publishing		1,000	2,369	
Professional/Contractual Services		4,500	2,420	
Miscellaneous		200	 -	
Total Department of Fire and Police Commission		8,700	 5,914	
Department of Civil Service Commission				
Publishing		3,000	4,664	
Professional/Contractual Services		1,000	3,487	
Miscellaneous		-	 -	
Total Department of Civil Service Commission		4,000	8,151	

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and	A / 1
GENERAL COVERNMENT (Continued)	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)		
Department of General Administration	75 000	70.000
Salaries - General Administrative	75,000	70,886
Salaries - Clerical	100,934	106,500
Clothing Reimbursement	-	-
Dues, Education, Seminars	2,000	2,190
Health Insurance and Claims	3,606,900	4,096,009
Office Supplies	22,000	13,596
Operating Supplies	2,500	5,992
Repairs and Maintenance	7,000	8,398
Recording and Fees	-	-
Telephone and Internet Expense	6,000	21,566
Postage	7,000	10,610
Publishing	7,000	10,954
Bank Fees	3,000	1,968
Local Match - NCAT	10,000	8,400
Professional/Contractual Services	63,685	77,181
Allocations/River Rescue Squad	2,000	2,000
Subsidy/NCAT	-	-
Subsidy/Taxicab	30,000	31,826
Legal Fees	250,000	349,548
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,852
Total Department of General Administration	4,205,019	4,828,476
Department of Accounts and Finance Commissioner		
Salaries - Elected Official	15,000	14,505
Dues, Education, Seminars	1,500	2,061
Telephone and Pager Expense	480	480
Miscellaneous	200	406
Total Department of Accounts		
and Finance Commissioner	17,180	17,452
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	4,425,535	5,037,941

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and	A / 1
PUBLIC SAFETY	Final Budget	Actual
Police Department Salaries - Administrative	200,000	425 110
Salaries - Administrative Salaries - Clerical	390,000 840,000	435,119
		816,620
Salaries - Other Employees Salaries - Overtime	2,540,000	2,653,553
	90,000	172,550
Salaries - Special Duty	145,000	42,597
Clothing Reimbursement	5,100	7,920
Dues, Education, Seminars	20,000	10,113
Office Supplies	10,000	4,420
Operating Supplies	40,000	25,818
Repairs and Maintenance	3,000	2,431
Repairs and Maintenance - Equipment	20,000	22,279
Telephone and Internet Expense	20,000	18,925
Postage	900	617
Gasoline and Fuel	55,000	65,863
Professional/Contractual Services	60,000	70,330
Contractual/Animal Control	1,500	2,059
Grant Expense/Peer Jury/Tobacco Grant	9,000	10,100
Character Counts	-	-
Sex Offender Fees Expense	-	-
D.A.R.E.	6,000	3,755
Miscellaneous	1,000	803
Total Police Department	4,256,500	4,365,872
Fire Department		
Salaries - Administrative	303,054	304,682
Salaries - Other Employees	2,226,143	1,885,183
Salaries - Overtime	275,000	362,975
Salaries - Special Duty	300,000	167,205
Clothing Reimbursement	2,250	1,596
Dues, Education, Seminars	105,075	46,702
Public Education/Prevention	5,000	2,517

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued)	Final Dudget	Actual
Fire Department (Continued)		
Office Supplies	3,500	2,739
Operating Supplies	10,000	8,827
Repairs and Maintenance	1,500	366
Repairs and Maintenance - Equipment	12,000	4,841
Repairs and Maintenance - Vehicles	77,000	46,069
Telephone and Internet Expense	7,150	16,984
Postage	300	158
Gasoline and Fuel	50,800	30,487
Ambulance Expenses	44,700	41,493
Ambulance Billing/Refund	170,000	117,662
Professional/Contractual Services	115,705	84,168
Miscellaneous	500	74
Total Fire Department	3,709,677	3,124,728
Department of Public Health and Safety Commissioner		
Salaries - Elected Official	15,000	14,505
Dues, Education, Seminars	1,500	60
Telephone and Pager Expense	480	480
Miscellaneous	200	306
Total Department of Public		
Health and Safety Commissioner	17,180	15,351
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	7,983,357	7,505,951
PUBLIC WORKS, CULTURAL, PARKS, AND RECREATION		
Department of Commissioner of Public Improvements		
Salaries - Elected Official	15,000	14,505
Dues, Education, Seminars	1,500	60
Telephone and Pager Expense	480	405
Miscellaneous	200	378
Total Department of Commissioner		
of Public Improvements	17,180	15,348

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC WORKS, CULTURAL, PARKS, AND RECREATI		
Department of Commissioner of Public Property		
Salaries - Elected Official	15,000	14,563
Dues, Education, Seminars	1,500	160
Telephone and Pager Expense	480	405
Miscellaneous	200	406
Total Department of Commissioner		
of Public Property	17,180	15,534
Department of Public Works		
Salaries - Administrative	89,086	83,762
Salaries - Other Employees	860,237	873,197
Salaries - Part-time	100,000	97,277
Salaries - Overtime	27,000	27,245
Dues, Education, Seminars	14,500	6,265
Office Supplies	3,200	9,861
Operating Supplies	323,000	248,751
Parks Advisory/Flowers	23,000	14,501
Tree Board/Trees	7,000	3,578
Repairs and Maintenance	1,145,800	1,512,020
Repairs and Maintenance - Equipment	18,000	25,382
Repairs and Maintenance - Vehicles	41,500	76,642
Telephone and Internet Expense	5,300	7,299
Gasoline and Fuel	44,000	50,940
Utilities	145,000	153,513
Professional/Contractual Services	127,500	119,682
Contractual Repairs/Building/Streets	2,500	7,609
Contractual Repairs/Building/Peck Park	_	-
Contractual Repairs/Building/Police	31,822	38,514
Contractual Repairs/Building/Fire	53,400	105,178
Contractual Repairs/Building/City Hall	-	28,276
Contractual Repairs/Building/Other	12,500	15,878
Contractual Repairs/Building/IVCC	11,000	5,780
Contractual Repairs/Building/Mansion	31,060	-

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC WORKS, CULTURAL, PARKS, AND RECREATE		
Department of Public Works		
Contractual Repairs/Building/Peltier	8,000	4,536
Contractual Repairs/Building/NCAT	10,000	4,619
Miscellaneous	10,000	9,142
Total Department of Public Works	3,144,405	3,529,447
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS, CULTURAL,		
PARKS AND RECREATION	3,178,765	3,560,329
COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		
Community Development Department		
Salaries - Clerical	60,460	42,824
Salaries - Professional	278,960	341,388
Salaries - Other Employees	142,600	161,452
Salaries - Part-times	82,400	53,019
Meal Allowance	1,500	37
Clothing Reimbursement	-	-
Dues, Education, Seminars	8,000	5,721
Office Supplies	4,000	2,575
Operating Supplies	8,000	2,940
Repairs and Maintenance	40,000	24,641
Telephone and Internet Expense	3,000	5,527
Postage	200	10
Gasoline and Fuel	4,000	2,204
Publishing	1,500	1,618
Professional/Contractual Services	183,000	166,476
Contractual/Tree Removal Program	60,000	59,392
Sales Tax Incentive - Walsh Toyota & Rentals	-	63,895
Grant Payment - OTHS Levee	-	1,093,586
Miscellaneous	3,700	1,020
Total Community Development Department	881,320	2,028,325
TOTAL COMMUNITY AND		
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	881,320	2,028,325

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	original and inal Budget	Actual
DEBT SERVICE		
Principal	-	95,902
Interest	 -	 10,357
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	 	 106,259
CAPITAL OUTLAY		
Equipment	328,315	276,437
Construction in Progress	197,000	103,315
Construction in Progress/Boat Docks	10,000	502
Construction in Progress/Dayton Bluffs	17,500	44,274
Construction in Progress/Riverwalk	3,250	-
Construction in Progress/Allen Park	5,500	1,763
Construction in Progress/Ice Skating Rink	 1,200	 1,266
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	 562,765	 427,557
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 17,031,742	\$ 18,666,362

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### NONMAJOR FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds	De	bt Service Funds	Pre	Capital ojects Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	4,787,298	\$	289,018	\$	1,652,176	\$ 6,728,492
Investments		175,966		-		-	175,966
Property Taxes Receivable		5,488,607		350,889		-	5,839,496
Other Receivables:							
Notes		26,517		-		-	26,517
Motor Fuel Tax		55,663		-		-	55,663
Hotel/Motel Tax		15,320		-		-	15,320
Grants		313,014		-		-	313,014
Other		2,318		-		4,805	7,123
Prepaid Expense		424,524		-		-	424,524
Due from Other Funds		147,778		-		1,636,985	1,784,763
Other Assets		179,466		-		-	179,466
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	11,616,471	\$	639,907	\$	3,293,966	\$ 15,550,344
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REL LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft	sot \$	JRCES, ANE 1,496,837	FU	ND BALAN 1,408	VCE \$	S _	\$ 1,498,245
Accounts Payable		59,334		-		417	59,751
Accrued Salaries		4,953		-		-	4,953
Due to Other Funds		179,066		-		18,626	197,692
Total Liabilities		1,740,190		1,408		19,043	1,760,641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue		5,488,607		350,889		4,805	5,839,496 4,805
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,488,607		350,889		4,805	5,844,301
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		451,041		-		4,805	455,846
Special Revenues		5,028,937		-		-	5,028,937
Debt Service		-		289,018		-	289,018
Capital Projects Unrestricted		-		-		3,265,313	3,265,313
Unassigned		(1,092,304)		(1,408)		-	(1,093,712)
Total Fund Balances		4,387,674		287,610		3,270,118	7,945,402
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	5 01	F					
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		11,616,471	\$	639,907	\$	3,293,966	\$ 15,550,344

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 5,615,841	\$ 351,038	\$ -	\$ 5,966,879
Replacement Taxes	38,583	-	-	38,583
Motor Fuel Tax	692,909	-	-	692,909
Cannabis Use Tax	3,071	-	-	3,071
Interest Income	38,596	1,190	4,994	44,780
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	44,642	-	-	44,642
Hotel/Motel Tax	388,718	-	-	388,718
Grants	1,346,884	-	100,000	1,446,884
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	308,337	106,376	-	414,713
Permits	-	-	148,472	148,472
Drug and Task Force Revenue	1,015	-	-	1,015
Donations	62,189 70,000	-	7,327	69,516 70,000
Growth Impact Fees	79,000	-	-	79,000
Rent Other Revenues	199,376	-	115,500	115,500 199,376
			27( 202	
Total Revenues	8,819,161	458,604	376,293	9,654,058
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	1,648,228	53,188	35,923	1,737,339
Public Safety	157,776	-	-	157,776
Public Works, Cultural,	<b>2</b> 4 60 0 40			<b>2</b> 4 60 0 40
Parks, and Recreation	2,468,840	-	-	2,468,840
Community and Economic Development	3,304,661	-	-	3,304,661
Debt Service	-	623,275	-	623,275
Capital Outlay			557,924	557,924
Total Expenditures	7,579,505	676,463	593,847	8,849,815
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,239,656	(217,859)	(217,554)	804,243
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfer (To) From	(856,468)	271,970	535,000	(49,498)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(856,468)	271,970	535,000	(49,498)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	383,188	54,111	317,446	754,745
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	4,004,486	233,499	2,952,672	7,190,657
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 4,387,674	\$ 287,610	\$ 3,270,118	\$ 7,945,402
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#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Rever	nue		
	Cro	ssing Guard		1		ois Municipal	Pul	olic Liability
		Fund	Aι	uditing Fund		rement Fund		urance Fund
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	296	\$	-	\$	897,306	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		61,689		72,022		702,641		761,276
Other Receivables:								
Notes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants Other		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		424,524
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		424,324
Other Assets		-		_		_		
Ould Assets								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	61,985	\$	72,022	\$	1,599,947	\$	1,185,800
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	SOUR	CES, AND FU	JND I	BALANCES				
LIABILITIES		,						
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	29,086	\$	-	\$	8,518
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued Salaries		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-				-		-
Total Liabilities				29,086				8,518
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes		61,689		72,022		702,641		761,276
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		61,689		72,022		702,641		761,276
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		424,524
Restricted		296		-		897,306		-
Unrestricted								
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(29,086)		-		(8,518)
Total Fund Balances		296		(29,086)		897,306		416,006
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	OF							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	61,985	\$	72,022	\$	1,599,947	\$	1,185,800

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Reven	ue		
	Mot	or Fuel Tax Fund		reign Fire rance Fund		ground and reation Fund	Devel	istrial opment sion Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$	554,621	\$	6,452	\$	103,942	\$	-
Investments		99,485		55,359		-	·	-
Property Taxes Receivable Other Receivables:		-		-		277,602		-
Notes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		55,663		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax Grants		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds Other Assets		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	709,769	\$	61,811	\$	381,544	\$	-
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable	SOUR( \$	CES, AND FU - -	JND B. \$	ALANCES - -	\$	736	\$	-
Accrued Salaries Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		736		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes		-				277,602		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				277,602		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted		- 709,769		- 61,811		- 103,206		-
Unrestricted		709,709		01,011		103,200		-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		709,769		61,811		103,206		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		700 760	¢	(1.011	¢	201 544	¢	
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	709,769	\$	61,811	\$	381,544	\$	-

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

			Speci	al Revenu	ıe		
	De	wa Police pt. Drug ation Fund	Emergency Telephone System Board Fund		Dept. First id Fund		m. Develop olving Loan Fund
ASSETS	ф		¢	¢	10.000	¢	122.020
Cash	\$	-	\$	- \$	12,332	\$	133,028
Investments		-		-	-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-	-		-
Other Receivables:							06 51 5
Notes		-		-	-		26,517
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-	-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-	-		-
Grants		-		-	-		-
Other		-		-	-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-	-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-	-		-
Other Assets		-			-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	_	\$	\$	12,332	\$	159,545
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries Due to Other Funds	\$ 	62,096 606 -	\$	- \$ - -		\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		62,702			-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Property Taxes		-			-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-			-		
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		_		-	-		26,517
Restricted		_		-	12,332		133,028
Unrestricted					12,352		155,020
Assigned		_		_	-		_
Unassigned		(62,702)		_	_		-
6		(* )** )					
Total Fund Balances		(62,702)			12,332		159,545
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	_	\$	- \$	12,332	\$	159,545

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Revenu	le		
	Dept.	wa Police Fed. Drug Fund	Main St. Loan Fund		0	ttawa is ming Fund	Dept	wa Police Drug Lab Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$	9,029	\$	76,471	\$	23,981	\$	2,794
Investments	·	-	•	-	·	-	•	-
Property Taxes Receivable Other Receivables:		-		-		-		-
Notes		_		_		-		_
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants Other		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,029	\$	76,471	\$	23,981	\$	2,794
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES	SOURC	ES, AND FU	JND BA	ALANCES				
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Taxes		-				-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		_
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		9,029		76,471		23,981		2,794
Unrestricted Assigned								
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		9,029		76,471		23,981		2,794
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	S OF							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	9,029	\$	76,471	\$	23,981	\$	2,794

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Revenue			
		awa Police		owth Impact				
	Dep	t DUI Fund	Fee Fund		Ga	rbage Fund	Le	ase Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$	115,925	\$	639,429	\$	-	\$	38,843
Investments	•	-	•	-	Ŧ	-	•	-
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-		303,234		-
Other Receivables:								
Notes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		_
Other		_		-		-		_
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	115,925	\$	639,429	\$	303,234	\$	38,843
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	ESOUR	CES, AND FU	JND E	BALANCES				
LIABILITIES								
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	315,343	\$	-
Accounts Payable		-		-		40,174		-
Accrued Salaries Due to Other Funds		-		- 31,288		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		51,200		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		31,288		355,517		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes		-		-		303,234		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		303,234		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		115,925		608,141		-		38,843
Unrestricted								
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		(355,517)		-
Total Fund Balances		115,925		608,141		(355,517)		38,843
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	'S OF							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	115,925	\$	639,429	\$	303,234	\$	38,843

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Revenu	ıe		
	Stre	et Lighting		1		lic Benefit	Hote	l/Motel Tax
		Fund	N	NCAT Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	620,447	\$	72,223	\$	85,868
Investments		-		-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		154,223		-		-		-
Other Receivables:								
Notes Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		15 220
Grants		-		313,014		-		15,320
Other		-		515,014		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		
Other Assets		-		-		-		147,770
Olici Assets						-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	154,223	\$	933,461	\$	72,223	\$	248,966
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	ESOUR	CES. AND FU	ND B	ALANCES				
LIABILITIES		,						
Cash Overdraft	\$	109,952	\$	106,213	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable		5,959		11,609		-		-
Accrued Salaries		-		2,107		-		-
Due to Other Funds				-		-		-
Total Liabilities		115,911		119,929		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes		154,223		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		154,223		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		_		813,532		72,223		248,966
Unrestricted				,		, -		, -
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(115,911)		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		(115,911)		813,532		72,223		248,966
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	'S OF							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	154,223	\$	933,461	\$	72,223	\$	248,966

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		East Tax	Dot	rmtarrm Tarr		wa Industrial		
ASSETS		East Tax Increment Financing District Fund		Downtown Tax Increment Financing District Fund		Park Tax ncrement ncing District Fund	Canal Tax Increment Financing Distric Fund	
	¢	102 225	¢	460 410	¢	500 57(	¢	
Cash	\$	192,325	\$	469,418	\$	508,576	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable Other Receivables:		39,626		384,727		237,320		1,379,058
Notes								
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-
Other Assets								-
FOTAL ASSETS	\$	231,951	\$	854,145	\$	745,896	\$	1,379,058
LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries Due to Other Funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	518,412 250 -
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		518,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Taxes		39,626		384,727		237,320		1,379,058
Fotal Deferred Inflows of Resources		39,626		384,727		237,320		1,379,058
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Unrestricted		192,325		469,418		508,576		-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		(518,662)
-		192,325		469,418		508,576		(518,662)
Total Fund Balances								

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

				Special	Reven	ue		
	Iı	ayton Tax ncrement ncing District	Taz	Commercial x Increment ncing District	Ro I	oute 71 Tax ncrement	Otta	wa Visitors
	1 mai	Fund	1 ma	Fund	1 mai	Fund		nter Fund
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	176,516	\$	-	\$	47,476
Investments		-		-		-		21,122
Property Taxes Receivable		808,387		295,590		11,212		-
Other Receivables:								
Notes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		2,318
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-						179,466
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	808,387	\$	472,106	\$	11,212	\$	250,382
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries Due to Other Funds	\$	224,627	\$	-	\$	122,590	\$	- 2,846 147,778
Total Liabilities		224,627				122,590		150,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes		808,387		295,590		11,212		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		808,387		295,590		11,212		-
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Unrestricted Assigned		(224,627)		176,516		(120,682)		99,758
Unassigned		-		-		(1,908)		-
Total Fund Balances		(224,627)		176,516		(122,590)		99,758
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW		000 207	¢	472 107	¢	11.010	¢	250 292
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	808,387	\$	472,106	\$	11,212	\$	250,382

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		Totals
ASSETS	¢	4 797 209
Cash Investments	\$	4,787,298
		175,966
Property Taxes Receivable		5,488,607
Other Receivables:		26 517
Notes		26,517
Motor Fuel Tax		55,663
Hotel/Motel Tax		15,320
Grants		313,014
Other		2,318
Prepaid Expense		424,524
Due from Other Funds		147,778
Other Assets		179,466
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	11,616,471
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Cash Overdraft	\$	1,496,837
Accounts Payable		59,334
Accrued Salaries		4,953
Due to Other Funds		179,066
Total Liabilities		1,740,190
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Property Taxes		5,488,607
		5,400,007
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,488,607
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable		451,041
Restricted		5,028,937
Unrestricted		, ,
Assigned		-
Unassigned		(1,092,304)
Total Fund Balances		4,387,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	11,616,471

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Special l	Rever	nue		
	Cros	sing Guard Fund	Aud	iting Fund	I.M	I.R.F Fund		lic Liability rance Fund
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	59,340	\$	25,764	\$	897,736	\$	724,399
Replacement Taxes	φ		φ	- 23,704	Φ	38,583	ψ	
Motor Fuel Tax		_		_				339
Interest Income		102		82		3,346		-
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		-		-		-		-
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-		-		-		-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-		-
Growth Impact Fees		-		-		-		-
Rent		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		59,442		25,846		939,665		724,738
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		-		77,750		484,545		641,813
Public Safety		59,340		-		-		-
Public Works, Cultural,								
Parks, and Recreation		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		59,340		77,750		484,545		641,813
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		102		(51,904)		455,120		82,925
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE Operating Transfer (To) From	S)	-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_				-		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		102		(51,904)		455,120		82,925
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		194		22,818		442,186		333,081
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	296	\$	(29,086)	\$	897,306	\$	416,006

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Special	Revei	nue		
		Fuel Tax und		reign Fire rance Fund	-	ground and ecreation Fund	Industrial Development Commission Fund	
REVENUES	¢		Φ		¢	266.052	Φ	
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	266,952	\$	-
Replacement Taxes Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		692,570 19,860		152		- 540		-
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		-		44,642		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		-		-		48,981		-
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-		-		-		-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		12,300		-
Growth Impact Fees		-		-		-		-
Rent		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		712,430		44,794		328,773		-
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		28,537		-		-
Public Works, Cultural,								
Parks, and Recreation		356,729		-		286,113		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		356,729		28,537		286,113		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		355,701		16,257		42,660		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Operating Transfer (To) From	5)	-		-		(40,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(40,000)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		355,701		16,257		2,660		-
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		354,068		45,554		100,546		_
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	709,769	\$	61,811	\$	103,206	\$	_
		dent audit	_	· ·	Ŷ	100,200	¥	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Special	Revenue		
	Ottawa Police Dept. Drug Education Fund	Emergency Telephone System Board Fund	Fire Dept. First Aid Fund	Comm. Develop Revolving Loan Fund	
REVENUES	<u>_</u>	<b>•</b>	<u>^</u>	<b>•</b>	
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Replacement Taxes	-	-	-	-	
Cannabis Use Tax Interest Income	3,071	-	- 17	- 1,367	
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	-	-	17	1,507	
Hotel/Motel Tax	-	-	-	_	
Grants	-	-	-	-	
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	
911 Emergency Service Surcharge	-	-	-	-	
Drug and Task Force Revenue	1,015	-	-	-	
Donations	-	-	91	-	
Growth Impact Fees	-	-	-	-	
Rent	-	-	-	-	
Other Revenues					
Total Revenues	4,086		108	1,367	
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Public Works, Cultural, Parks, and Recreation Debt Service	20,623	- -	- -	- -	
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	20,623	-		-	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(16,537)		108	1,367	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Operating Transfer (To) From	-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(16,537)	_	108	1,367	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	(46,165)	-	12,224	158,178	
,			,	, , e	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Special	Revenu	le		
	Dep	va Police ot. Fed. g Fund		i St. Loan Fund		tawa is ning Fund	Dept	wa Police Drug Lab Fund
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Replacement Taxes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		35		291		80		11
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		-		-		-		-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		-		-		-		-
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-		-		-		-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		5,900		-
Growth Impact Fees		-		-		-		-
Rent		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		16,025		-
Total Revenues		35		291		22,005		11
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Public Works, Cultural, Parks, and Recreation Debt Service Capital Outlay		- -		- - -		14,110 - -		-
Total Expenditures		-		-		14,110	1	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		35		291		7,895		11
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Operating Transfer (To) From	5)	-		-				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		35	_	291	_	7,895	_	11
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		8,994		76,180		16,086		2,783
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	9,029	\$	76,471	\$	23,981	\$	2,794

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Special Revenue							
	Ottawa Police Dept DUI Fund	Growth Impact Fee Fund	Garbage Fund	Lease Fund				
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢ 228 (12	¢				
Property Taxes Replacement Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,613	\$ -				
Motor Fuel Tax	-	-	-	-				
Interest Income	423	2,665	_	148				
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	-		-	-				
Hotel/Motel Tax	-	-	-	-				
Grants	-	-	-	-				
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	25,151	-	-	-				
911 Emergency Service Surcharge	-	-	-	-				
Drug and Task Force Revenue	-	-	-	-				
Donations	-	-	-	-				
Growth Impact Fees	-	79,000	-	-				
Rent	-	-	-	-				
Other Revenues		-						
Total Revenues	25,574	81,665	238,613	148				
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Public Works, Cultural,	28,676	20,600	334,573	-				
Parks, and Recreation	-	-	-	-				
Debt Service	-	-	-	-				
Capital Outlay	_							
Total Expenditures	28,676	20,600	334,573					
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,102)	61,065	(95,960)	148				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From	)	(49,795)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(49,795)	-	-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,102)	11,270	(95,960)	148				
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	119,027	596,871	(259,557)	38,695				
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 115,925	\$ 608,141	\$ (355,517)	\$ 38,843				

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

			Special	Revenu	e	
	Stre	et Lighting	-	Public	e Benefit	Hotel/Motel
		Fund	NCAT Fund	F	fund	Tax Fund
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	149,620	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Replacement Taxes		-	-		-	-
Motor Fuel Tax		-	-		-	-
Interest Income		-	174		276	361
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		-	-		-	-
Hotel/Motel Tax		-	-		-	388,718
Grants		-	1,317,682		-	-
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		-	98,104		-	-
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-	-		-	-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-	-		-	-
Donations		-	43,898		-	-
Growth Impact Fees		-	-		-	-
Rent		-	-		-	-
Other Revenues		-	180,351		-	
Total Revenues		149,620	1,640,209		276	389,079
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		109,547	-		-	-
Public Safety		-	-		-	-
Public Works, Cultural,						
Parks, and Recreation		-	1,752,921		-	58,967
Debt Service		-	-		-	-
Capital Outlay		-			-	
Total Expenditures		109,547	1,752,921		-	58,967
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		40,073	(112,712)		276	330,112
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	)					
Operating Transfer (To) From	,	-	-		-	(312,622)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-		-	(312,622)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		40,073	(112,712)		276	17,490
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1 (Restated)		(155,984)	926,244		71,947	231,476
	-					

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Special 1	Reve	Revenue		
	Ir F	East Tax acrement inancing atrict Fund	I F	vntown Tax ncrement Financing strict Fund	Industrial Park Incre TIF District Finan		Canal Tax increment Financing istrict Fund	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	484,565	\$	341,044	\$	234,543	\$	1,189,603
Replacement Taxes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		1 055		-
Interest Income Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		2,098		2,377		1,955		151
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		_		_		_		_
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		_		_		_		135,985
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-		-		-		-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-		-
Growth Impact Fees		-		-		-		-
Rent		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		486,663		343,421		236,498		1,325,739
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Parks, and Recreation Community and Economic Development Debt Service		621,575		360,185		38,927		- - 1,049,090 -
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		621,575		360,185		38,927		1,049,090
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(134,912)		(16,764)		197,571		276,649
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From	)	_				(59,128)		(271,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(59,128)		(271,970)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(134,912)		(16,764)		138,443		4,679
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		327,237		486,182		370,133		(523,341)
	\$	192,325	\$	469,418	\$	508,576	\$	(518,662)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Special				
	Dayton Tax Increment Financing District Fund			I-80 Commercial TIF District Fund		oute 71 Tax ncrement Financing strict Fund	Ottawa Visitors Center Fund	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	797,998	\$	198,183	\$	7,481	\$	-
Replacement Taxes		-		-		-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		-		-		-		-
Interest Income Foreign Fire Insurance Tax		1,353		720		-		12
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-
Grants		_		_		_		29,202
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements		-		-		-		116
911 Emergency Service Surcharge		-		-		-		-
Drug and Task Force Revenue		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-		-
Growth Impact Fees		-		-		-		-
Rent		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		-		3,000
Total Revenues		799,351		198,903		7,481		32,330
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Parks, and Recreation Community and Economic Development		- - - 704,587		- - 118,032		- - 128,163		- - 284,102
Debt Service		- 104,387		- 118,032		-120,105		- 204,102
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		704,587		118,032		128,163		284,102
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		94,764		80,871		(120,682)		(251,772)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From	)	(395,575)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		272,622
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(395,575)	_	-	_	-		272,622
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(300,811)		80,871		(120,682)		20,850
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1 (Restated)		76,184		95,645		(1,908)		78,908
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	(224,627)	\$	176,516	\$	(122,590)	\$	99,758

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	 Total
REVENUES	
Property Taxes	\$ 5,615,841
Replacement Taxes	38,583
Motor Fuel Tax	692,909
Cannabis Use Tax	3,071
Interest Income	38,596
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	44,642
Hotel/Motel Tax	388,718
Grants	1,346,884
Fines, Fees, and Reimbursements	308,337
911 Emergency Service Surcharge	-
Drug and Task Force Revenue Donations	1,015 62,189
	79,000
Growth Impact Fees Rent	79,000
Other Revenues	- 199,376
Total Revenues	8,819,161
EXPENDITURES	
General Government	1,648,228
Public Safety	157,776
Public Works, Cultural,	)
Parks, and Recreation	2,468,840
Community and Economic Development	3,304,661
Debt Service	-
Capital Outlay	-
Total Expenditures	7,579,505
EXCESS OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	 1,239,656
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Operating Transfer (To) From	 (856,468)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (856,468)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	383,188
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	 4,004,486
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 4,387,674

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

			Debt S	ervice Funds		
				ries 2009		
	Series 200		Recovery Zone		Series 20	
	Certificat			omic Bond	Certifica	
	and Intere	st Fund	and li	nterest Fund	and Intere	est Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$		¢	200 010	\$	
Property Taxes Receivable	Φ	-	\$	289,018	Ф	-
Due from other fund		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-	\$	289,018	\$	-
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURCES	, AND F	UND E	BALANCES		
LIABILITIES						
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable		-		-		-
Due to other fund				-		
Total liabilities		-				-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable property taxes				-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources						
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Restricted				200.010		
Debt Service		-		289,018		-
Unrestricted Assigned for Debt Service						
Unassigned						-
Total fund balances				289,018		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	S OF					
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	-	\$	289,018	\$	-

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

		Debt Serv	_		
		s 2016 Bond nterest Fund	Series 2017 Bon and Interest Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash Property Taxes Receivable Due from other fund	\$	- 350,889 -	\$	\$	289,018 350,889
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	350,889	\$	\$	639,907
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES					1.400
Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Due to other fund	\$	1,408 - -	\$ 	• \$ •	1,408
Total liabilities		1,408			1,408
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes		350,889			350,889
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		350,889	·		350,889
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		352,297			352,297
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted					-
Debt Service Unrestricted		-			289,018
Assigned for Debt Service Unassigned		- (1,408)			- (1,408)
Total fund balances		(1,408)			287,610
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	S OF \$	350,889	\$	\$	639,907

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Debt Service Funds			
		Series 2009			
	Series 2007 Debt	2	Series 2012 Debt		
	Certificate Bond	Economic Bond and Interest Fund	Certificate Bond		
REVENUES	and Interest Fund	and Interest Fund	and Interest Fund		
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Interest Income	φ -	پ 726	φ -		
Rebates	-	106,376	-		
Other Revenues	-		-		
Total Revenues		107,102			
Total Revenues		107,102			
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Paying Fees	-	-	-		
Reimbursed Expenses	-	53,188	-		
Debt Service					
Principal	-	150,000	-		
Interest Expense		121,970			
Total Expenditures		325,158			
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(218,056)	_		
		(210,000)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating Transfer (To) From		271,970			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	271,970	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	53,914	-		
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		235,104			
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ -	\$ 289,018	\$ -		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	 Debt Serv	vice Funds	
	2016 Bond Iterest Fund	Series 2017 Bond and Interest Fund	Total
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 351,038	\$ -	\$ 351,038
Interest Income	464	-	1,190
Rebates Other Revenues	-	-	106,376
Other Revenues	 		 -
Total Revenues	 351,502		 458,604
EXPENDITURES			
General Government			
Paying Fees	-	-	-
Reimbursed Expenses	-	-	53,188
Debt Service			
Principal	340,000	-	490,000
Interest Expense	 11,305		 133,275
Total Expenditures	 351,305		 676,463
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	 197		 (217,859)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating Transfer (To) From	 		 271,970
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		 271,970
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	197	-	54,111
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	 (1,605)		 233,499
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ (1,408)	\$ -	\$ 287,610

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Capital Projects Funds							
	Z	Enterprise one Capital nprovement Fund	Flc	Flood Buyout Fund		al Rewatering Fund		
ASSETS Cash Property Taxes Receivable Other Receivable	\$	622,104	\$	39,259 - -	\$	511,786		
Due from Other Fund		1,636,985		-		-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,259,089	\$	39,259	\$	511,786		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES	SOU	RCES, AND F	UND	BALANCES				
Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Due to Other Fund	\$	- - -	\$	- - 18,626	\$	- 417 -		
Total Liabilities		-		18,626		417		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Taxes								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources				18,626		417		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Capital Projects Unrestricted		- 2,259,089		- 20,633		- 511,369		
Assigned for Capital Projects Unassigned		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		2,259,089		20,633		511,369		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	S OF	2,259,089	\$	39,259	\$	511,786		

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Series 2016A Debt Cert. Capital					
		evue Ave. Iway Fund	Im	provement Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash Property Taylog Pagaiyahla	\$	139,235	\$	339,792	\$	1,652,176
Property Taxes Receivable Other Receivable Due from Other Fund		4,805		-		- 4,805 1,636,985
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	144,040	\$	339,792	\$	3,293,966
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE LIABILITIES	SOUR	CES, AND F	UND I	BALANCES		
Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Due to Other Fund	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$	- 417 18,626
Total Liabilities		-		-		19,043
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue		4,805		_		4,805
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,805		-		4,805
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,805		-		23,848
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		4,805		-		4,805
Capital Projects		134,430		339,792		3,265,313
Unrestricted Assigned for Capital Projects Unassigned		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		139,235		339,792		3,270,118
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	S OF	144,040	\$	339,792	\$	3,293,966

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Enterprise Zone Capital Improvement Fund		Flood	Flood Buyout Canal Re Fund Fund		
REVENUES Property Taxes Special Assessments Permits Interest Income Grants Rents Donations	\$	- 148,472 1,810 - 115,500	\$	- - 150 -	\$	- 1,209 100,000 - 7,327
Other Revenues Total Revenues		- 265,782		- 150		
EXPENDITURES General Government Contractual Services Reimbursed Taxes Capital Outlay Construction Equipment		26,585 - 37,636				9,338 - 520,288 -
Total Expenditures EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>64,221</u> 201,561		- 150		529,626 (421,090)
OVER EXTENDITORES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From		80,000		-		455,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		80,000				455,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		281,561		150		33,910
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1 FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	1,977,528 2,259,089	\$	20,483 20,633	\$	477,459 511,369

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Capital Pro			
	Bellevue Ave. Roadway Fund		Series 2016A Debt Cert. Capital Improvement Fund		Total
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Special Assessments		-		-	-
Permits		-		-	148,472
Interest Income Grants		531		1,294	4,994
Rents		-		-	100,000 115,500
Donations		-		-	7,327
Other Revenues		-		_	-
Total Revenues		531	·	1,294	 376,293
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Contractual Services		-		-	35,923
Reimbursed Taxes		-		-	-
Capital Outlay					
Construction		-		-	557,924
Equipment		-		-	 -
Total Expenditures		-			 593,847
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		531		1,294	 (217,554)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer (To) From		-			535,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-			 535,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		531		1,294	317,446
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		138,704		338,498	 2,952,672
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$	139,235	\$	339,792	\$ 3,270,118

**MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS** 

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ASSETS	Water and Wastewater System	Swimming Pool	Canal Rental and Purchase	Events	Total
Current Assets Cash Investments Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expense	\$ 2,555,124 5,441 1,075,258	\$ 85,686 - -	\$ 47,156 - -	\$ - 37,210 -	\$ 2,687,966 42,651 1,075,258
Due From Other Funds	1,010,281				1,010,281
Total Current Assets	4,646,104	85,686	47,156	37,210	4,816,156
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, net of Acc. Depreciation Construction in Progress	42,284,092 72,945		336,120		42,620,212 72,945
Total Noncurrent Assets	42,357,037		336,120		42,693,157
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 47,003,141	\$ 85,686	\$ 383,276	\$ 37,210	\$ 47,509,313
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES Current Liabilities					
Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Due to Other Funds	\$ 205,337 3,136 63,313 1,269,914 1,636,985	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 28,331	28,331 205,337 3,136 63,313 1,269,914 1,636,985
Total Current Liabilities	3,178,685			28,331	3,207,016
Noncurrent Liabilities EPA Loans Payable Debt Certificates General Obligation Bonds Vactor Truck Loan	3,548,468 2,038,000 8,075,000 99,746		- - - -	- - - -	3,548,468 2,038,000 8,075,000 99,746
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,761,214	_	-		13,761,214
Total Liabilities	16,939,899			28,331	16,968,230
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	27,325,909	-	336,120	-	27,662,029
Unrestricted	2,737,333	85,686	47,156	8,879	2,879,054
Total Net Position	30,063,242	85,686	383,276	8,879	30,541,083
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 47,003,141	\$ 85,686	\$ 383,276	\$ 37,210	\$ 47,509,313

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water and Wastewater System	Swimming Pool	Canal Rental and Purchase	Events	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 7,232,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,232,369
Gate Receipts and Concessions	-	51,981	-	-	51,981
Rents Events Revenue	-	-	-	233,752	233,752
Grants and Other Operating Revenues	22,059	-	-	255,752	233,752
Grants and Other Operating Revenues	22,039				22,039
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 7,254,428	\$ 51,981	\$ -	\$ 233,752	7,540,161
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Payroll Benefits	1,389,439	74,966	-	-	1,464,405
Plant and Operations	2,353,122	61,097	-	257,082	2,671,301
Administration and Other	96,727	1,168	-	-	97,895
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	1,819,366				1,819,366
Total Operating Expenses	5,658,654	137,231		257,082	6,052,967
OPERATING INCOME	1,595,774	(85,250)		(23,330)	1,487,194
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPEN	SES)				
Interest Income	16,321	222	180	(218)	16,505
Debt Service	10,521		100	(210)	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(246,755)		-	-	(246,755)
Other Revenue (Expense)					
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(230,434)	222	180	(218)	(230,250)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating Transfer (To) From	49,795	100,000	-	-	149,795
1 8 ()			-		- )
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	49,795	100,000		-	149,795
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,415,135	14,972	180	(23,548)	1,406,739
NET POSITION, MAY 1	28,648,107	70,714	383,096	32,427	29,134,344
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 30,063,242	\$ 85,686	\$ 383,276	\$ 8,879	\$ 30,541,083

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

	Origina Final B		Actual	
OPERATING REVENUES		<u> </u>		
Charges for Services				
Water and Sewer Revenue	\$ 7,0	47,000 \$	6,823,354	
Penalty Revenue		43,000	43,659	
Tapping Fees		35,000	35,500	
Water Extension Fees		10,000	13,950	
Sewer Extension Fees		1,500	22,398	
Bulk Water Revenue		5,000	6,070	
New Water Meter Revenue		24,000	15,352	
Sewer Connection Fees		72,500	79,102	
Leachate Treatment		30,000	43,175	
Septic Dumping Fees		50,000	118,416	
Laboratory Service Fees		3,000	13,995	
Account Activation Fees		10,000	12,954	
Utility Tax - Pilkington		-	4,444	
Grant - Pilkington		-	-	
Miscellaneous Revenues		31,000	22,059	
Total Operating Revenues	7,3	62,000	7,254,428	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water Department				
Payroll and Benefits				
Salaries - Clerical		56,032	57,852	
Salaries - Professional		-	-	
Salaries - Other Employees	4	33,822	457,201	
Salaries - Part Time		10,000	11,749	
Salaries - Overtime		37,000	36,532	
Health and Life Insurance	1	00,000	100,000	
Total Payroll and Benefits	6	536,854	663,334	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)		
Water Department (Continued)		
Plant and Operations		
Operating Supplies	365,000	363,999
Repairs and Maintenance - Building and Other	662,600	333,908
Repairs and Maintenance - Vehicles	15,000	23,368
Gasoline and Fuel	22,000	20,574
Utilities	300,000	392,778
Professional and Contractual Services	154,000	192,553
Operating Lease	-	15,290
Equipment	57,000	28,198
Total Plant and Operations	1,575,600	1,370,668
Administration and Other		
Dues, Education, Seminars	7,000	2,610
Office Supplies	10,000	9,724
Telephone and Internet	5,000	6,965
Postage	25,000	23,566
Publishing	400	1,138
Miscellaneous	9,000	11,758
Total Administration and Other	56,400	55,761
Total Water Department	2,268,854	2,089,763
Sewer Department		
Payroll and Benefits		
Salaries - Administrative	161,345	142,573
Salaries - Clerical	45,642	47,356
Salaries - Professional	-	-
Salaries - Other Employees	432,529	407,752
Salaries - Part Time	10,000	6,912
Salaries - Overtime	29,000	21,512
Health and Life Insurance	100,000	100,000
Total Payroll and Benefits	778,516	726,105

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)		
Sewer Department (Continued)		
Plant and Operations	100.000	17(710
Operating Supplies	100,000	176,719
Repairs and Maintenance - Building and Other	3,298,841	262,210
Repairs and Maintenance - Vehicles	17,500	6,671
Gasoline and Fuel	16,500	15,136
Utilities	205,000	189,429
Professional and Contractual Services	756,500	298,313
Operating Lease	-	29,933
Equipment	35,000	4,043
Total Plant and Operations	4,429,341	982,454
Administration and Other		
Dues, Education, Seminars	7,500	310
Office Supplies	6,000	2,563
Telephone and Internet	7,000	6,231
Postage	23,500	20,534
Publishing	800	-
Bond Costs	-	-
Miscellaneous	13,000	11,328
Total Administration and Other	57,800	40,966
Total Sewer Department	5,265,657	1,749,525
Depreciation	<u> </u>	1,819,366
Total Operating Expenses	7,534,511	5,658,654
OPERATING INCOME	(172,511)	1,595,774

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING INCOME	(172,511)	1,595,774
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Debt Service	-	16,321
Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Income (Expense)	-	(246,755)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(230,434)
OPERATING TRANSFERS Operating Transfer (To) From		49,795
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (172,511)	1,415,135
NET POSITION, MAY 1		28,648,107
NET POSITION, APRIL 30		\$ 30,063,242

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# April 30, 2020

	Police Pension Fund		Firefighters' Pension Fund		8		8			Total
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	248,057	\$	156,050	\$	404,107				
Investments, at Fair Value										
Money Market Mutual Funds		-		853,669		853,669				
Certificates of Deposit		1,250,000		2,666,795		3,916,795				
GNMA Obligations		44,943		1,452		46,395				
Government Agency Bonds		3,815,043		-		3,815,043				
Corporate Bonds		2,715,014		558,891		3,273,905				
Mutual Funds		13,016,910		9,185,245		22,202,155				
Employer Receivable - TIF Surplus		-		-		-				
Accrued Interest		57,593		19,024		76,617				
Prepaid Expenses		-		5,008		5,008				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2	21,147,560	\$	13,446,134	\$	34,593,694				
		) - )	-	- ) - ) -	-	- ))				
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	10,632	\$	10,632				
Total Liabilities				10,632		10,632				
NET POSITION										
Net Position Held In Trust for Pension Benefits		21,147,560		13,435,502		34,583,062				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	21,147,560	\$	13,446,134	\$	34,593,694				
	+ -	, .,	+	-, -,	-	, <u>,</u>				

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# April 30, 2020

	Police Pension Fund			irefighters' nsion Fund		Total
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer Contributions	<b>•</b>	1 1 5 5 4 5 1	¢	1 ( 1 1 0 7 7	<b>•</b>	
Property Tax	\$	1,175,421	\$	1,644,975	\$	2,820,396
Employee Contributions		290,212		209,562		499,774
Total Contributions		1,465,633		1,854,537		3,320,170
Investment Income						
Interest and Dividend Income		858,236		467,707		1,325,943
Realized and Unrealized Gains/Losses		(1,216,336)		(249,499)		(1,465,835)
Less: Investment Expense		(58,412)		(33,013)		(91,425)
Total Investment Income		(416,512)		185,195		(231,317)
Other Additions						
Refunds and Reimbursements		660		-		660
TOTAL ADDITIONS		1,049,781		2,039,732		3,089,513
Deductions:						
Pension Benefits and Refunds						
Pension Benefits		1,348,009		2,011,045		3,359,054
Refunds		11,836		9,668		21,504
Administrative Expenses		36,428		48,520		84,948
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		1,396,273		2,069,233		3,465,506
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(346,492)		(29,501)		(375,993)
NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2019		21,494,052		13,465,003		34,959,055
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2020	\$	21,147,560		13,435,502		34,583,062

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION RECOVERY ZONE ECONOMIC BONDS, SERIES 2009

## April 30, 2020

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Date of Issue	January 15, 2010
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2028
Authorized Issue	\$2,485,000
Interest Rates	4.69% - 6.75%
Interest Dates	June and December

Fiscal	Requirements				Interest Due On			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount	
2021	155,000	113,660	268,660	2020	56,830	2020	56,830	
2022	165,000	104,887	269,887	2021	52,444	2021	52,444	
2023	175,000	95,235	270,235	2022	47,618	2022	47,618	
2024	185,000	84,857	269,857	2023	42,429	2023	42,429	
2025	200,000	73,683	273,683	2024	36,842	2024	36,842	
2026	210,000	61,383	271,383	2025	30,692	2025	30,692	
2027	225,000	48,027	273,027	2026	24,014	2026	24,014	
2028	240,000	33,245	273,245	2027	16,623	2027	16,623	
2029	255,000	17,213	272,213	2028	8,607	2028	8,607	
	\$ 1,810,000	\$ 632,190	\$ 2,442,190		\$ 316,095		\$ 316,095	

## WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2012B

## April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	October 3, 2012
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2030
Authorized Issue	\$2,375,000
Interest Rates	1.71% - 4.30%
Interest Dates	June and December

Fiscal		Requirements		Interest Due On			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount
2021	125,000	52,463	177,463	2020	26,231	2020	26,231
2022	125,000	48,450	173,450	2021	24,225	2021	24,225
2023	125,000	44,175	169,175	2022	22,088	2022	22,088
2024	125,000	39,763	164,763	2023	19,881	2023	19,881
2025	125,000	35,213	160,213	2024	17,606	2024	17,606
2026	125,000	30,538	155,538	2025	15,269	2025	15,269
2027	125,000	25,700	150,700	2026	12,850	2026	12,850
2028	125,000	20,725	145,725	2027	10,363	2027	10,363
2029	125,000	15,700	140,700	2028	7,850	2028	7,850
2030	125,000	10,588	135,588	2029	5,294	2029	5,294
2031	125,000	5,375	130,375	2030	2,688	2030	2,688
	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 328,688	\$ 1,703,688		\$ 164,344		\$ 164,344

## WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT CERTIFICATE, SERIES 2013

# April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	March 26, 2013
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2022
Authorized Issue	\$3,579,000
Interest Rates	1.71% - 3.42%
Interest Dates	June and December

Fiscal		Requirements		Interest Due On			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount
2021	380,000	37,723	417,723	2020	18,861	2020	18,861
2022	389,000	26,133	415,133	2021	13,066	2021	13,066
2023	399,000	13,646	412,646	2022	6,823	2022	6,823
	\$ 1,168,000	\$ 77,501	\$ 1,245,501		\$ 38,751		\$ 38,751

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2016

# April 30, 2020

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Date of Issue	February 26, 2016
Date of Maturity	January 1, 2021
Authorized Issue	\$1,350,000
Interest Rates	1.35% - 1.70%
Interest Dates	July and January

Fiscal		Requirements				Interest Due On						
Year	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Totals	July 1	А	mount	Jan. 1	Α	mount
2021		345,000		5,865		350,865	2020		2,933	2021		2,933
	\$	345,000	\$	5,865	\$	350,865		\$	2,933		\$	2,933

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2017

# April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	March 14, 2017
Date of Maturity	March 1, 2030
Authorized Issue	\$4,770,000
Interest Rates	2.58%
Interest Dates	September and March

Fiscal		Requirements		Interest Due On			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Sep 1	Amount	Mar 1	Amount
2021	85,000	120,744	205,744	2020	60,372	2021	60,372
2022	95,000	118,551	213,551	2021	59,276	2022	59,276
2023	105,000	116,100	221,100	2022	58,050	2023	58,050
2024	525,000	113,391	638,391	2023	56,696	2024	56,696
2025	545,000	99,846	644,846	2024	49,923	2025	49,923
2026	560,000	85,785	645,785	2025	42,893	2026	42,893
2027	625,000	71,337	696,337	2026	35,669	2027	35,669
2028	690,000	55,212	745,212	2027	27,606	2028	27,606
2029	715,000	37,410	752,410	2028	18,705	2029	18,705
2030	735,000	18,963	753,963	2029	9,482	2030	9,482
	\$ 4,680,000	\$ 837,339	\$ 5,517,339		\$ 418,670		\$ 418,670

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (ARS), SERIES 2020

# April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	March 25, 2020
Date of Maturity	April 1, 2035
Authorized Issue	\$3,700,000
Interest Rates	1.75%
Interest Dates	September and March

Fiscal		Requirements		Interest Due On			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Sep 1	Amount	Mar 1	Amount
2021	220,000	60,433	280,433	2020	28,058	2021	32,375
2022	220,000	60,900	280,900	2021	30,450	2022	30,450
2023	225,000	57,050	282,050	2022	28,525	2023	28,525
2024	230,000	53,113	283,113	2023	26,556	2024	26,556
2025	235,000	49,088	284,088	2024	24,544	2025	24,544
2026	235,000	44,975	279,975	2025	22,488	2026	22,488
2027	240,000	40,863	280,863	2026	20,431	2027	20,431
2028	245,000	36,663	281,663	2027	18,331	2028	18,331
2029	250,000	32,375	282,375	2028	16,188	2029	16,188
2030	255,000	28,000	283,000	2029	14,000	2030	14,000
2031	260,000	23,538	283,538	2030	11,769	2031	11,769
2032	265,000	18,988	283,988	2031	9,494	2032	9,494
2033	270,000	14,350	284,350	2032	7,175	2033	7,175
2034	275,000	9,625	284,625	2033	4,813	2034	4,813
2035	275,000	4,813	279,813	2034	2,406	2035	2,406
	\$ 3,700,000	\$ 534,771	\$ 4,234,771		\$ 265,227		\$ 269,544

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF IEPA CONSTRUCTION LOAN

# April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	2007
Date of Maturity	October 30, 2026
Authorized Issue	\$1,361,458
Interest Rates	2.50%
Payment Dates	September and March

Fiscal	Requirements		
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2021	75,893	12,747	88,640
2022	77,803	10,838	88,641
2023	79,760	8,881	88,641
2024	81,766	6,875	88,641
2025	83,823	4,818	88,641
2026	85,932	2,709	88,641
2027	43,774	547	44,321
	\$ 528,751	\$ 47,415	\$ 576,166

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF IEPA CONSTRUCTION LOAN

# April 30, 2020

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Date of Issue	2012
Date of Maturity	July 24, 2031
Authorized Issue	\$7,657,790
Interest Rates	0.00%
Payment Dates	January and July

Fiscal	Requirements		
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2021	294,820	-	294,820
2022	294,820	-	294,820
2023	294,820	-	294,820
2024	294,820	-	294,820
2025	294,820	-	294,820
2026	294,820	-	294,820
2027	294,820	-	294,820
2028	294,820	-	294,820
2029	294,820	-	294,820
2030	294,820	-	294,820
2031	294,820	-	294,820
2032	147,411	-	147,411
	\$ 3,390,431	\$ -	\$ 3,390,431

#### Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions, and Collections

April 30, 2020

Tax Levy Year	2019			2018	
Assessed Valuation	LaSalle County 308,446,215			LaSalle County 299,487,855	
	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	
Tax Extensions					
Corporate	0.25000	\$ 771,116	0.24779	\$ 742,101	
Bonds and interest	0.11376	350,889	0.11731	351,329	
I.M.R.F.	0.13113	404,466	0.14825	443,991	
Fire Protection	0.15000	462,669	0.14867	445,249	
Firemen Pension	0.52727	1,626,344	0.44618	1,336,255	
Police Protection	0.15000	462,669	0.14867	445,249	
Police Pension	0.36620	1,129,530	0.32097	961,266	
Audit	0.02335	72,022	0.00861	25,786	
Liability Insurance	0.24681	761,276	0.24208	725,000	
Street lighting	0.05000	154,223	0.05000	149,744	
Playground	0.09000	277,602	0.08921	267,173	
Social Security	0.09667	298,175	0.14225	426,021	
School Cross Guard	0.02000	61,689	0.01983	59,388	
Garbage	0.09831	303,234	0.07974	238,812	
	2.31350	7,135,904	2.20956	6,617,364	
Road & Bridge - Ottawa Twp		116,040		113,411	
Road & Bridge - S. Ottawa Twp		97,071		94,414	
Road & Bridge - Dayton Twp		5,835		5,812	
Road & Bridge - Rutland Twp		7,288		6,926	
TIF Ottawa III		384,727		340,802	
TIF Ottawa IV		237,320		234,335	
TIF Ottawa V Dayton I		808,387		797,288	
TIF Ottawa VI Canal		1,379,058		1,191,313	
TIF Ottawa Rt 71 VIII		11,212		7,474	
TIF Interstate 80 I		2,752,011		2,750,129	
TIF Interstate 80 II S Comm		295,590		198,007	
TIF Route 6 East I		520,223		486,480	
Less: Net TIF Surplus (estimated)		(480,597)		(2,367,300)	
Total Extension		13,270,069		10,476,455	
Tax collections:					
year ended April 30, 2020		\$ -		\$ 13,795,834	
Previous years		-		-	
		\$		\$ 13,795,834	
Percent collected		0.0%		131.7%	

Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. Assessed valuation, rates and extended amounts of property taxes levied have been presented for each of the counties for which the District files a tax levy.